A E G E A N CONFERENCES

on Social Sciences & Humanities~V

February 25-26, 2022 / Izmir, Turkey

Full Texts Book

Editors

Prof. Dr. Jean Vasile ANDREI Dr. Mehmet Emin KALGI

ISBN: 978-625-7720-76-2 ISPEC Publishing House

INTERNATIONAL AEGEAN CONFERENCES

ON SOCIAL SCIENCES & HUMANITIES-V

Abstract 25-26, 2022 / Izmir, Turkey



FULL TEXTS BOOK

Prof. Dr. Jean Vasile ANDREI Dr. Mehmet Emin KALGI

All rights of this book belong to ISPEC Publishing House Authors are responsible both ethically and jurisdically ISPEC Publications - 2022©

Issued: 10.03.2022

ISBN: 978-625-7720-76-2

CONFERENCES ID

CONFERENCES TITLE

• INTERNATIONAL AEGEAN CONFERENCES

• on Social Sciences & Humanities

DATE AND PLACE

• February 25-26, 2022 / Izmir, Turkey

ORGANIZATION

- IKSAD- INSTITUTE OF ECONOMIC DEVLOPMENT AND SOCIAL RESEARCHES
- ATLAS INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL ON SOCIAL SCIENCES ISSN 2616 936X

HEAD OF ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

• Prof. Dr. Natalia LATIGINA

COORDINATOR

- Dr. Mehmet Emin KALGI
- Turkey (99), Azerbaijan (9), Pakistan (10), Bangladesh (1), Indian (14), Iranian (3), Romania (4), Ethiopia (3), Malaysia (2), Indonesia (6), Serbia (2), Moldova (2), Qatar (1), Nigeria (7), Benin (1), Kazakhistan (3), Sri Lanka (4), Saudi Arabia (3), Spain (1), Egypt (2), Canada (1), Greece (1), Chinese (1), Algeria (4), Republic of Congo (2), Bulgaria (1), Philippine (1), Venezuelan (1), Georgia (2), Hungarian (1), Kyrgyzstan (2), Morocco (4), Ukraine (2)
 - NUMBER of ACCEPTED PAPERS-200
 - NUMBER of REJECTED PAPERS-67
 - *Double blinded evaluation process

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE BOARD

Dr. Mehmet Emin KALGI

Çukurova Üniversitesi

Ahmad Sharif FAKHEER

Beirut University

Dr. Orhun Burak SOZEN

Gaziantep University

Dr. Ayse ERKMEN

Gaziantep University

Dr. Guray ALPAR

Turkish Army

Dr. Ökkeş KESİCİ

Burdur Mehmet Akif Ersoy University

Dr. Ludmila MEDVEDEVANYA

Russian Academy of Sciences

Dr. Cholpon TOKTOSUNOVA

Kyrgiz Economy University

Dr. Muhammad Shoaib Khan PATHAN

Shah Abdul Latif University

Dr. Həcər HÜSEYNOVA

ASPU

Dr. Beatrice Mofoluwaso FASOGBON

Federal Institute of Industrial Research

Dr. Aygun MEHERREMOVA

Baku State University

Dr. Gulshen MEHERREMOVA

Azerbaijan University of Languages

Dr. Ali Korkut ULUDAĞ

Atatürk University

Dr. Ömür MUNZUR

Baskent University

Dr. Nalan BÜKER

Işık University

Dr. D. Volkan KARABOĞA

Süleyman Demirel University

Dr. Faruk DÜNDAR

University of Glasgow

Dr. Fatih Volkan AYYILDIZ

Ardahan University

Dr. Tutku UNKARACALAR

Kırklareli University

Dr. Selahattin YAKUT

Yozgat Bozok University



INTERNATIONAL AEGEAN SYMPOSIUMS Social Sciences & Humanities-V

February 25-26, 2022 IZMIR, TURKEY

CONFERENCE PROGRAM

Online (with ZOOM Conference)
Meeting ID: 886 2816 5926
Passcode: 555000



Turkey (99), Azerbaijan (9), Pakistan (10), Bangladesh (1), Indian (14), Iranian (3), Romania (4), Ethiopia (3), Malaysia (2), Indonesia (6), Serbia (2), Moldova (2), Qatar (1), Nigeria (7), Benin (1), Kazakhistan (3), Sri Lanka (4), Saudi Arabia (3), Spain (1), Egypt (2), Canada (1), Greece (1), Chinese (1), Algeria (4), Republic of Congo (2), Bulgaria (1), Philippine (1), Venezuelan (1), Georgia (2), Hungarian (1), Kyrgyzstan (2), Morocco (4), Ukraine (2)

IMPORTANT, PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

- ❖ To be able to attend a meeting online, login via https://zoom.us/join site, enter ID "Meeting ID or Personal Link Name" and solidify the session.
- ❖ The Zoom application is free and no need to create an account.
- ❖ The Zoom application can be used without registration.
- ❖ The application works on tablets, phones and PCs.
- The participant must be connected to the session 5 minutes before the presentation time.
- All congress participants can connect live and listen to all sessions.
- Moderator is responsible for the presentation and scientific discussion (question-answer) section of the session.

Points to Take into Consideration - TECHNICAL INFORMATION

- Make sure your computer has a microphone and is working.
- You should be able to use screen sharing feature in Zoom.
- Attendance certificates will be sent to you as pdf at the end of the congress.
- Requests such as change of place and time will not be taken into consideration in the congress program.

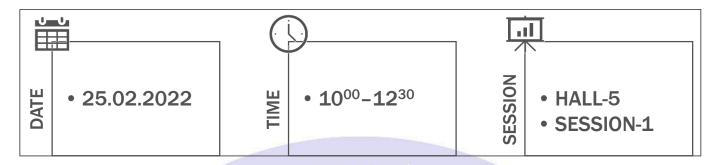
Önemli, Dikkatle Okuyunuz Lütfen

- ❖ Kongremizde Yazım Kurallarına uygun gönderilmiş ve bilim kurulundan geçen bildiriler için online (video konferans sistemi üzerinden) sunum imkanı sağlanmıştır.
- Online sunum yapabilmek için https://zoom.us/join sitesi üzerinden giriş yaparak "Meeting ID or Personal Link Name" yerine ID numarasını girerek oturuma katılabilirsiniz.
- ❖ Zoom uygulaması ücretsizdir ve hesap oluşturmaya gerek yoktur.
- ❖ Zoom uygulaması kaydolmadan kullanılabilir.
- Uygulama tablet, telefon ve PC'lerde çalışıyor.
- Her oturumdaki sunucular, sunum saatinden 5 dk öncesinde oturuma bağlanmış olmaları gerekmektedir.
- ❖ Tüm kongre katılımcıları canlı bağlanarak tüm oturumları dinleyebilir.
- ❖ Moderatör oturumdaki sunum ve bilimsel tartışma (soru-cevap) kısmından sorumludur.

Dikkat Edilmesi Gerekenler-TEKNİK BİLGİLER

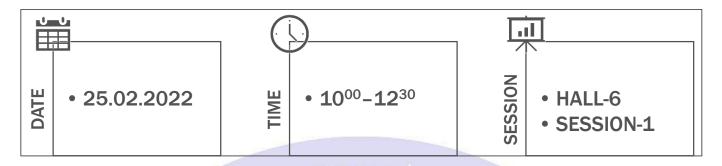
- ♦ Bilgisayarınızda mikrofon olduğuna ve çalıştığına emin olun.
- ♦ Zoom'da ekran paylaşma özelliğine kullanabilmelisiniz.
- ♦ Kabul edilen bildiri sahiplerinin mail adreslerine Zoom uygulamasında oluşturduğumuz oturuma ait ID numarası gönderilecektir.
- Katılım belgeleri kongre sonunda tarafınıza pdf olarak gönderilecektir
- ♦ Kongre programında yer ve saat değişikliği gibi talepler dikkate alınmayacaktır

Before you login to Zoom please indicate your name_surname and HALL number: exp. Hall-1, Name SURNAME

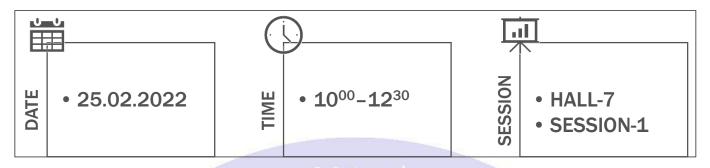


HEAD OF SESSION: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Tamilla Aliyeva		
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Serpil ÖZDEMİR Ebru DAŞTAN	Bartın University Bartın University	READABILITY LEVELS OF READING TEXTS IN NEW ISTANBUL TURKISH BOOKS FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS
Asmar Khanbala kızı Kerimova	Bakü Slavyan University	DERIVED SUFFIXES IN AZERBAIJANI AND TURKISH AND THEIR EQUIVALENCE
Asmar Khanbala kızı Kerimova	Bakü Slavyan University	ARABICS-PERSIONS DERIVED SUFFIXES IN AZERBAIJAN AND TURKISH LANGUAGE AND THEIR EQUIVALENCE
Dr. Onur DÖLEK	Ministry of National Education	EXAMINATION OF SECONDARY STUDENTS' LISTENING MOTIVATIONS IN TERMS OF VARIOUS VARIABLES
Shahla Aliyeva Gahraman	Azerbaijan University of Languages	CONCEPTUAL THEORIES OF VERBS
Dr. Tarık DEMİR	Gazi University	TEACHING TURKISH TO FOREIGNERS AS AN EDUCATIONAL DIPLOMACY ACTIVITY
Dr. Gülşah PARLAK KALKAN	Kilis <mark>7 Ara</mark> lık Univer <mark>sit</mark> y	NOTES ON SOME STREET AND STREET NAMES IN KILIS
Minaya MAMMADOVA	Azerbaijan State Pedagogical University	THE "POEMS OF THE EAST" BY GEORGE GORDON BYRON MANIFESTATION OF INDIVIDUAL STYLE IN TRANSLATION AZERBAIJANI
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Tamilla Aliyeva	Ardahan University	TURKISH IRFAN TRADITION IN AZERBAIJAN LITERATURE SELF

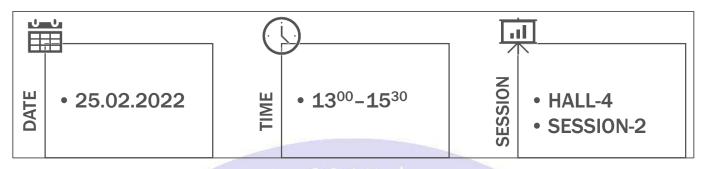
OC THE RED TO CASE



PASTAFARIANISM AS AN EXAMPLE OF A RELIGIOUS GROUP WHAT IS "THE CULTURE OF SCIENCE"? MODALITY AND REALITY WITH ITS SOCIAL, CULTURAL AND POLITICAL TEXTURE HISTORICAL ADVENTURE OF TUNISIA THE EFFECTS OF THE SYRIAN CIVIL WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER CHANGES IN ATTITUDES TO RELIGION OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY: SAMSUN PROVINCE EXAMPL
MODALITY AND REALITY WITH ITS SOCIAL, CULTURAL AND POLITICAL TEXTURE HISTORICAL ADVENTURE OF TUNISIA THE EFFECTS OF THE SYRIAN CIVIL WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER CHANGES IN ATTITUDES TO RELIGION OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY:
WITH ITS SOCIAL, CULTURAL AND POLITICAL TEXTURE HISTORICAL ADVENTURE OF TUNISIA THE EFFECTS OF THE SYRIAN CIVIL WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER CHANGES IN ATTITUDES TO RELIGION OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY:
POLITICAL TEXTURE HISTORICAL ADVENTURE OF TUNISIA THE EFFECTS OF THE SYRIAN CIVIL WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER CHANGES IN ATTITUDES TO RELIGION OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY:
WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER CHANGES IN ATTITUDES TO RELIGION OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY:
OF IRAQI MIGRANT TO TURKEY:
SAIVISUIN I ROVINCE EXAIVII L
THE ROLE OF MOTHERS AND FATHERS IN THE FORMATION OF WORSHIP ATTITUDES OF CHILDREN IN PRIMARY SCHOOL PERIOD
RELIGION AND BELIEF BASED HATE SPEECH: TWITTER CASE
THE CO-PRODUCER ROLE OF CITIZENS: AN EVALUATION IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE NEW PUBLIC SERVICE AND THE PUBLIC VALUE THEORY
THE EFFECT OF COVID OUTBREAK ON INTRA-INDUSTRY TRADE: ANALYSIS FOR SELECTED INDUSTRIES
COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE AND INTRA-INDUSTRY TRADE IN CHEMCICAL PRODUCTS INDUSTRY

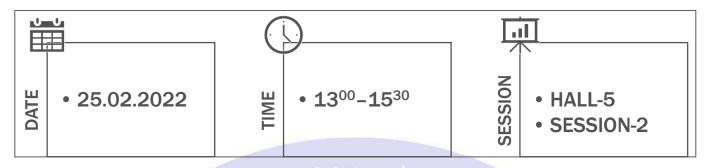


HEAD OF SESSION: Assist. Prof. Dr. E.Tutku VARDAĞLI		
Farida Tagiyeva	Azerbaijan National Academy of Sciences	ARTICLE ABOUT THE BOOK RACISM IN THEORY AND PRACTICE
İzzettin BEŞTAŞ	Pamukkale University	2. DEPUTIES OF MARDIN AND THEIR ACTIVITIES
Dr. Rehim Mecnunov	Azerbaijan Police Academy	MEDIA IN AZERBAIJAN IN THE EARLY TWENTIETH CENTURY AND THEIR ACTIVITIES
Dr. Murat İNAN	Abdullah Gül University	INTERPERSONAL TRUST AS A DETERMINANT OF GOVERNMNENT- VOTER IDEOLOGICAL CONGRUENCE
Assist. Prof. Dr. E.Tutku VARDAĞLI	İstanbul Aydın University	TURKEY'S DECISION TO ACCESS TO THE UNITED NATIONS: CONVERGENCE OF DOMESTIC AND FOREING POLICY
Dr. Ayman KARA	Kırıkkale Uni <mark>versity</mark>	A COMPARISON IN TERMS OF STATE: MACHIAVELLI AND HOBBES
Dr. Ayman KARA	Kırıkkale University	THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN VIRTUOUS SOCIETY AND NON-VIRTUOUS SOCIETY IN ACCORDANCE WITH POLITICAL THOUGHT OF IBN BAJJAH
Dr. Murat İNAN	Abdullah Gül University	SYSTEMIC FACTORS EFFECTING GOVERNMENT-VOTER IDEOLOGICAL CONGRUENCE
Dr. Pınar AKGÜL	Giresun University	HOW 'NEW' ARE THE NEW WARS?
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Yılmaz <mark>SEÇİM</mark> Mehmet KORU	Necmettin Erbakan University Necmettin Erbakan University	A RESEARCH ON THE CUISINE CULTURES OF YORUKS, WHO EMIGRATED FROM NOMADIC TO SETTLED LIFE (EXAMPLE OF ÇANAKKALE)
Safarova Chinara Gabil	Ganja State University	TURKEY AND GEORGIA'S WORLD ENERGY MARKET TRANSFORMATION STRATEGY FOR "CORRIDOR COUNTRIES" AND ITS RESULTS



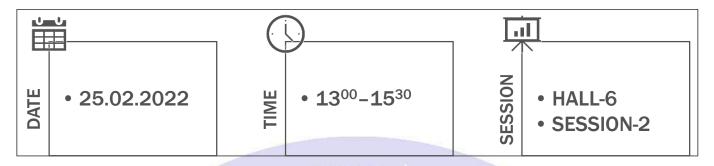
HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Canan TİFTİK		
Şevval GÖKCEN Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hülya KADIOĞLU	Yıldız Technical University Yıldız Technical University	VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY OF THE SURVEY FORM FOR TEACHER CANDIDATES' STUDY STYLES DURING THE COVID-19 PROCESS
Prof. Dr. Ahmet ÜSTÜN Banu Çiçek SARISOY	Amasya University Amasya University	THE EFFECT OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROBLEMS FACED BY TEACHERS AND OTHER SCHOOL PROBLEMS AND THESE PROBLEMS ON TEACHER PERFORMANCE
Prof. Dr. Ahmet ÜSTÜN Emel AKIN	Amasya <mark>U</mark> niversity Amasya University	THE PROBLEMS FACED BY WOMEN MANAGERS IN EDUCATION MANAGEMENT AND THE OBSTACLES TO THEIR PROMOTION IN THE POST
Ayşe Ahsen Talu Prof. Dr. Erdoğan Tezci	Balıkesir Unive <mark>rsity</mark> Balıkesir Uni <mark>v</mark> ersity	TEACHER TRAINING PROGRAMME IN THE CONTEXT OF EDUCATION POLICIES
Leyla SEYFİYEVA	Anadolu University	EXAMINATION OF AESTHETIC LEADERSHIP QUALIFICATIONS AND BEHAVIORS
Dr. Canan TİFTİK Dr. Bilge TURP GÖLBAŞI Dr. Hande AYHAN GÖKCEK	Istanbul Gelisim University	CAREER TRANSFORMATION IN HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT IN BUSINESSES AND THE EVALUATION OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATIONS IN TERMS OF MARKETING
Assist. Prof. Dr. Gulcin BILGIN TURNA Gonca AKMAZ BIYIKLI	Recep Tayyip Erdogan University	CHILDREN'S YOUTUBE CONSUMPTION: AN ANALYSIS OF THE MOST VIEWED YOUTUBE VIDEOS OF ALL TIME

OF THE REED TO VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR



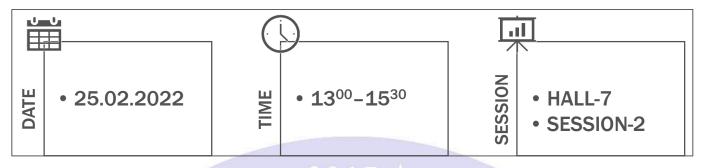
HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Kürşad ÇAVUŞOĞLU		
Katibe AKYOL Dr. Serap KALFAOĞLU	Selcuk University	AN APPLIED STUDY ON THE RELATIONSHIP OF JOB FEATURES AND FOCUS OF CONTROL
Assist. Prof. Dr. Adeviye ERDOĞAN	Isparta University of Applied Sciences	DETERMINING THE OPINIONS AND EXPECTATIONS OF DISTANCE EDUCATION VOCATIONAL SCHOOL STUDENTS ON WORKING LIFESTYLE: A QUALITATIVE STUDY
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Safiye SARİ Lect. Betül ELİBOL	Atatürk University Erzincan B <mark>in</mark> ali Yıldırım Un <mark>iver</mark> sity	THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SUSTAINABLE FASHION PRACTICES, REUSE, AND INNOVATION
Elçin YAVUZ Assist, Prof, Dr. Esin BENHÜR AKTÜRK	Istanbu <mark>l</mark> Aydın Unive <mark>rsity</mark>	EVALUATION OF THE EFFECT OF ENVIRONMENTAL DYNAMISM IN TERMS OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION ON COMPANY PERFORMANCE ON TRAVEL AGENCIES
Dr. Kürşad ÇAVUŞOĞLU	Mersin University	ANALYSIS OF MOBILE ACCOUNTING APPLICATIONS WITH ACCOUNTING SEARCH RESULT
Lect. Tuğçe METİN	Kahra <mark>manm</mark> araş Sütçü <mark>İm</mark> am University	POPULATION, MIGRATION AND LABOR MARKET A STUDY ON TURKEY AND SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA REGION
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Buket BORA SEMİZ Assist. Prof. Dr. Tarık SEMİZ	Bilecik Şeyh Edebali University	BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS ON SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING IN HEALTHCARE SECTOR
Lect. Dr. Mehmet Gökhan TURAN Dr. Dora UZKESİCİ	Anadolu University	THE EFFECT OF BUSINESS AND SUPPLIER RELATIONS ON REPEAT PURCHASING DECISIONS IN PURCHASING MANAGEMENT

TOO THE REED TOO

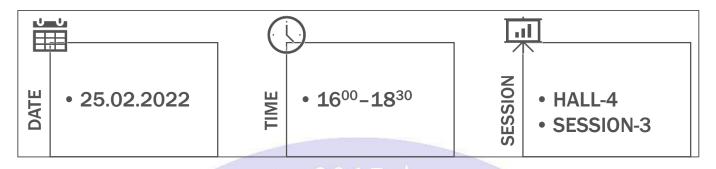


HEAD OF SESSION: Hadi Bahmani		
Ziaullah Jan	UET Peshawar	IMPLEMENTATION OF LEAN MANUFACTURING IN A MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY: A CASE STUDY APPROACH
Saumit Kumer Nandi	European University	ENGINEERING PROPERTIES OF LOCALLY AVAILABLE CEMENT IN BANGLADESH
Assoc, Prof. Dr. Ghulam Shabir SOLANGI Prof. Dr. Altaf Ali SIYAL Pirah SIYAL	Mehran University Sindh Agricu <mark>l</mark> ture University National Cen <mark>tre</mark> of Excellence	IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF SEAWATER INTRUSION'S EFFECT ON THE SOIL FERTILITY, WATER QUALITY, VEGETATION, AND THE LIVELIHOOD OF THE INDUS DELTA COMMUNITY
Lakshya M R Dr. L.R.K. Krishnan	VIT Business School VIT Business School	EMERGING STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING A GREENED WORKFORCE IN THE NEW ECO-SYSTEM
Hadi Bahmani Davood Mostofinejad	Isfahan University of Technology (IUT) Isfahan University of Technology (IUT)	EFFECT OF HEAT CURING ON THE MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF UHPC
Mariana BĂLAN Simona Maria STĂNESCU	Institute for Econo <mark>mic Fo</mark> recasting Research Institute for Quality of Life	NEETs YOUTH AND COVID-19: RESPONSE, RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE
Abrehet Mehari	Ethiopia Civil Service University	ASSESSMENT OF THE AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURING SECTOR'S LINKAGES IN ETHIOPIA
Shahrizuan Shamsul Martin James Marinus Christian Geoffery	Keningau Vocational College Keningau Vocational College Keningau Vocational College	GRINDER SUPPORTING TOOL
Muhammad Imran Khadija Amjad	University of Veterinary and Animal Sciences	ANALYSIS OF THE FACTORS AFFECTING THE VOLATILITY OF POULTRY PRODUCTS IN PAKISTAN

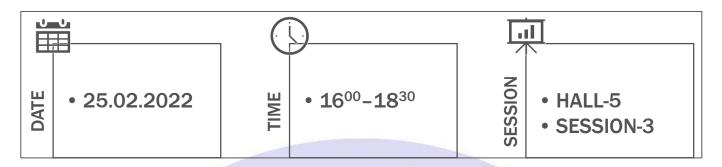
CEREED JOY



HEAD OF SESSION: Natalia SCIUCHINA		
Manotar TAMPUBOLON	Universitas Kristen Indonesia	HUMAN INTERACTION MODEL EMERGING CHANGES DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC
Dr. Osman ŞAHİN	Glasgow Caledonian University	THE DETERMINANTS OF PEOPLE'S TRUST IN COURTS IN TURKEY
Kusni INGSIH Muhammad Abdul Manaf Ana KADARNINGSIH	Universitas Dian Nuswantoro	WORK TRAINING, ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE, LEADERSHIP AND EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE
Delia-Mihaela MARINESCU	Carol I" National Defense Uni <mark>ver</mark> sity	ANALYSIS OF DIPLOMACY FUNCTIONS FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF MAINTAINING SECURITY
Andrijana Savic Assoc. Prof. Dr. Gordana Dobrijevic	Singidunum University	WORKING FROM HOME
Muniza Javed Dr. Asma Seemi Malik Amjad Mahmood	Lahore College fo <mark>r Women</mark> University Lahore College for Women University National College of Business Administration	"WORK FULFILMENT AS THE DETERMINANT OF ORGANIZATIONAL COMMITMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL CITIZENSHIP BEHAVIOUR AMONG EMPLOYEES OF BANKS"
Natalia SCIUCHINA	Tiraspol Shevchenco University	INTERNATIONAL LEGAL REGULATION OF HUMAN RIGHT TO SOCIAL SERVICES
Branislav SANČANIN Sofija SANČANIN	Nikola Tesla University Hamad General Hospital	KEY DETERMINANTS FOR THE CHOICE OF TRADITIONAL MEDIA FOR ADVERTISING DURING THE EMPLOYMENT PROCESS
Kusni INGSIH Ana KADARNINGSIH Agus Susilo NUGROHO	Universitas Dian Nuswantoro	COMPENSATION, WORK DISCIPLINE, WORK ENVIRONMENT AND EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE
Musa M. KAMARA	Ankara Yildirim Beyazit university	AFRICA: TRANSITIONS FROM AUTHORITARIAN SOCIALISM TO LIBERAL DEMOCRACY
Musa M. KAMARA	Ankara Yildirim Beyazit university	THE LIBERIAN CIVIL WAR, CONFLICT RESOLUTION ACTIVITIES AND THE INVOLVING INSTITUTIONS FOR ESTABLISHING PERMANENT PEACE IN LIBERIA

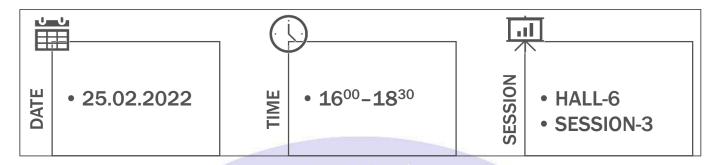


HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Naseem Akhter		
Mohd Farhan Md Ariffin Muhammad Ikhlas Rosele Mohammad Fahmi Abdul Hamid	National University of Malaysia Academy of Islamic Studies Academy of Contemporary Islamic Studies	MALAYSIAN'S PERCEPTION ON PROPHETIC HEALTH AND COSMETIC PRODUCTS
Sintayehu Assefa Prof. Abebe Ejigu Dr. Gemechu Nemera	Arba Minch Universit Mekelle University Arba Minch University	A STRUCTURAL EQUATION ANALYSIS OF EXPORT MARKETING ADAPTATION STRATEGIES ON EXPORT PERFORMANCE: EVIDENCE FROM TEXTILE AND GARMENT EXPORTING ENTERPRISES IN ETHIOPIA
Dr. Naseem Akhter	Shaheed Benazir Bhutto Women University	AWARENESS OF USURY AMONG YOUNG PEOPLE (AN ANALYSIS OF STUDENTS' PERCEPTIONS AND ISLAMIC CONTEXT)
Favour C. Uroko	University of Nigeria	CORRUPTION IN NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION ACCREDITATIONS AND AN APPEAL TO PROVERBS 26:26-28
Dr. Naseem Akhter	Shaheed <mark>Ben</mark> azir Bhutto Women University	A TREND OF NON-TRADITIONAL MARRIAGES IN PAKISTAN (AN ANALYSIS FROM ISLAMIC PERSPECTIVE)
Trisnawaty Tarmizi Thalib Yusma Indah Jayadi	UIN Alauddin Makassar Universitas Bosowa UIN Alauddin Makassar	SELF-CRITICISM ON MEDICAL STUDENT: AN OVERVIEW
Advocate Nikita Dobhal Ishu Dobhal Shipra Dobhal	Advocate in District Court Dehradun Teacher at Modern Public School Advocate in District Court Dehradun	INDIAN SOCIAL MEDIA AND SHORT VIDEO PLATFORMS
Khalida Madoui	Ecole Normale Supérieure Assia Djebar Algeria	NEO PAX AMERICANA UNDER THE AUSPICES OF TRUMPISM: STRENGTH FOR PEACE
Favour C. Uroko	University of Nigeria	'WE HAVE PROTECTED PERPETRATORS': USING WIDOWS AS SCAPEGOAT IN SUSTAINING PATRIARCHY IN SOUTH EASTERN NIGERIA



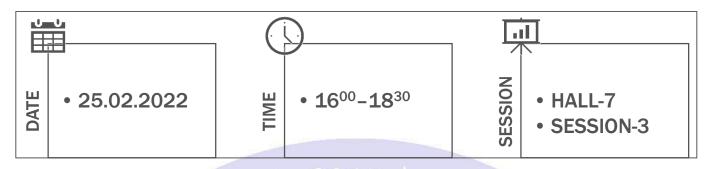
HEAD OF SESSION: Ceren ALKAN ÜSTÜN		
Erkan POLAT Dr. Serap KALFAOĞLU	Selcuk University Selcuk University	AN APPLIED RESEARCH ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN JOB CRAFTING AND PROACTIVE CAREER ENGAGEMENT BEHAVIOURS
Nur HOŞGÖR	Kütahya Dumlupinar University	EVALUATION OF TECHNOLOGIES APPLIED IN TURKEY IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT
Nil Arıcı Farid Huseynov	Gebze Technical University Gebze Technical University	THE EFFECTS OF IN-APP ADVERTISEMENTS ON USER BEHAVIOR IN GOOGLE PLAY STORE GAMES
Assist. Prof. Dr. Sefer AYDOĞAN	National Defence Univercity	THE MANAGERIAL REACTIONS OF AIRPORT BUSINESS TO THE PANDEMIC
Res. Asst. Serap YALÇINYİĞİT	Yildiz Technical University	SUBJECTIVE TIME, EMOTIONS, AND JOB AUTONOMY IN REMOTE WORK SETTINGS
Assist. Prof. Dr. Erol MUZIR Dr. Vedat Akman Assoc. Prof. Dr. Cevdet Kızıl	İstanbul Medeniy <mark>et University</mark> Institute for Internal Controls Turkey İstanbul Medeniyet University	THE OTHER SIDE OF THE DOOR: ACCOUNTING RELATED, FINANCIAL AND MANAGERIAL RECOMMENDATIONS TO PREPARE FOR THE POST COVID-19 PANDEMIC ERA
Ceren ALKAN ÜSTÜN	Maltepe University	RELATIONSHIP OF HPV RELATED STIGMATIZING ATTIDUES WITH PREVENTIVE BEHAVIOR APPROACHES
İdil Nur GÜRBÜZ GÖKBERK	Çukurova University	IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CARRIAGE WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF CMR AND TCC PROVISIONS
Miray ÖZER DENİZ	Çukurova University	AN EVALUATION OF THE DECEASED'S PERSONAL DATA'S NON-PROTECTION
Miray ÖZER DENİZ	Çukurova University	THE RULE OF THE FEE IN THE MANDATORY MEDIATION IN THE CONSUMER LAW

CHEED JOY

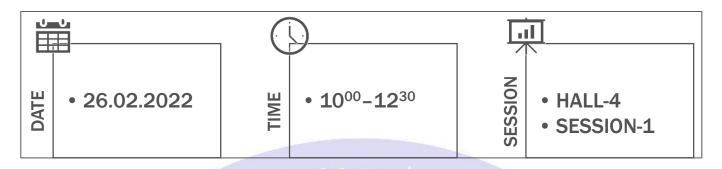


HEAD OF SESSION: Prof. Dr. Ahmet Niyazi ÖZKER		
Muhammed Z. ÇIĞMAN	Kütahya Dumlupınar University	PROPOSING A PRACTICE-ORIENTED METHOD FOR PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION: AUTOBUREAUGRAPHY
Prof. Dr. Ahmet Niyazi ÖZKER	Bandirma Onyedi Eylul University	PROBLEMS IN THE GLOBAL SERVICE TRADING CASE AND POTENTIAL DEVIATIONS IN ECONOMIC GROWTH EXPECTATIONS
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Cemile ÇETİN Günseli Berfin AKAN	Dokuz Eylül University Specialist	THE EFFECT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON GENERATION Z'S PROFESSION/CAREER CHOICE -A QUALITATIVE STUDY-
Dr. Resul TELLİ	Çukurova University	AN EMPIRICAL ANALYSIS OF THE EFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC EXPENDITURES ON HUMAN DEVELOPMENT
Assoc, Prof. Dr. S. Meral Çakıcı	Piri Reis University	MACROECONOMIC STABILITY AND FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT
Prof. Dr. Nuran ÖZLÜK Prof. Dr. Hüseyin DOĞRAMACIOĞLU	Bolu Abant İzzet B <mark>aysal</mark> University Kilis <mark>7 Ara</mark> lık Unive <mark>rsit</mark> y	MORAL SCHOOL PLAYS BY MEHMET RÂİF [OGAN]
Prof. Dr. Nuran ÖZLÜK Prof. Dr. Hüseyin DOĞRAMACIOĞLU	Bolu Abant İzzet Baysal University Kilis 7 Aralık University	EVIDENCE OF UNCIVILIZED BEHAVIORS IN THE WEST WITH NEWSPAPERS: THE CASE OF ALI MUZAFFER- PARIS'TE VAHŞET (BRUTALITY IN PARIS)

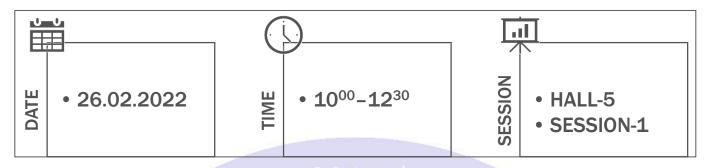
OF CHARAGE



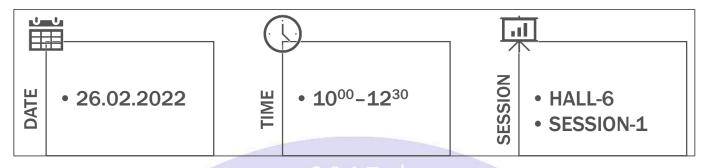
HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Franck AMOUSSOU		
Muhammed Buğrahan HATİBOĞLU	Ankara Yıldırım Beyazıt University	BEHIND THE INTENTION: WHICH INSTITUTIONAL LOGICS CAN INFLUENCE ENTREPRENEURIAL INTENTION?
Muhammed Buğrahan HATİBOĞLU Assit. Prof. Dr. Semih CEYHAN	Ankara Yıldırım Beyazıt University	THE IMPACT OF ENTREPRENEURIAL SELF-EFFICACY, ENTREPRENEURIAL EDUCATION AND ENTREPRENEURIAL PASSION ON ENTREPRENEURSHIP INTENTION IN THE COMPARISON OF GENERATION Z AND GENERATION Y
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Arvind Kumar Shukla Deepa Priyanshu	Invertis University Invertis University	THE CAUSAL FACTORS OF SUCCESS OF ISO 9000 CERTIFICATION: THE EVIDENCES FROM DELHI NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION IN INDIA
Asha Devi. J Sumi A M Dr. K.S Chandrasekar	University of Kerala	CULTURE OF INNOVATION AND CUSTOMER-CENTRICITY ON INDIAN TELECOM INDUSTRIES
Ress. Asst. Ahmet Şükrü PAMPAL Asst. Prof. Emre Burak EKMEKÇİOĞLU	Ank <mark>ara</mark> Yildirim Be <mark>yazit</mark> University	LEADER-MEMBER EXCHANGE AND INNOVATIVE WORK BEHAVIOR: THE MODERATING ROLE OF DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE
Dr. Franck AMOUSSOU Dr. Jean Tata TOSSOU	Université d'Abomey- Calavi (UAC)	A SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL AND SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF AN ELECTION SWAYING STRATEGY
Dr. Kumar Amit	Dayanand Anglo-Vedic (PG) College	GERIATRIC POPULATION DEPENDENCY IN INDIA: A CRITICAL REVIEW
Zhaksekenova Gauhar Manarberkovna Aliyeva Ayazhan Kanatkyzyz	Kazakh National Women's Pedagogical University	INCLUSIVE EDUCATION IN CHOREOGRAPHY WITH SCHOOL CHILDREN
EEREED JOSE		



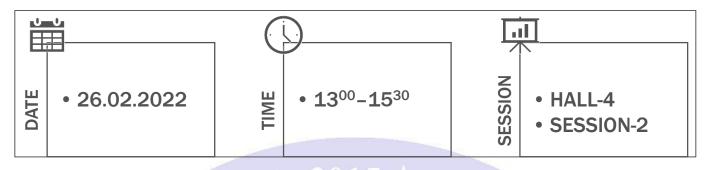
HEAD OF SESSION: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hemlata V. Gaikwad		
Dr. Felicia ADEYEMO	Caleb University	EFFECT OF EMPLOYEE'S MOTIVATION ON PRODUCTIVITY IN A RURAL ORGANIZATIONAL SETTING
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hemlata V. Gaikwad Assist. Prof. Dr. Shrikant S. Karanjkar Mr. Vallabh Pradip Shete	Rajarambapu Institute of Technology	IMPORTANCE OF USER GENERATED CONTENT AS PART OF DIGITAL MARKETING
Assist. Prof. Dr. Shrikant S. Karanjkar Assist. Prof. Dr. Krishnaji S. Patil Mr. Smita Suresh Jadhav	Rajarambapu Institute of Technology	DISTRIBUTERS OPINION TOWARDS FOOD PROCESSING PRODUCTS IN WESTERN MAHARASHTRA
Assist. Prof. Dr. Krishnaji Sarjerao Patil Assist. Prof. Digvijay Satish Patil Mr. Kartik Khot Mr. Rohit Patil	Rajarambapu Institute of Technology	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: A TOOL USED TO TAKE FINANCIAL DECISIONS ENTERPRISES
Assist. Prof. Dr. Krishnaji Sarjerao Patil Assist. Prof. Dr. Shrikant Sharad Karanjkar	Rajarambapu <mark>Institute of</mark> Techn <mark>o</mark> logy	AN INVESTIGATION OF NECESSITY OF FINANCIAL PLANNING: AN EFFECTIVE TOOL IN PERSONAL FINANCE
Assist. Prof. Dr. Krishnaji Sarjerao Patil Assist. Prof. Dr. Aniket Suresh Pardeshi Miss. Urvi Shah Miss. Riya Kalburgi	Rajarambapu Institute of Technology	INVESTORS BEHAVIOUR TOWARDS SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN OF MUTUAL FUNDS
Malshani H. I. Hettiarachchi W. N.	Open University of Sri Lanka Sabaragamuwa University of Sri Lanka	SELECTING LOCAL SOURCING SUPPLIERS IN APPAREL INDUSTRY, SRI LANKA
Dr. Chukwuemeka G. Eme	National Open University	THE ROLE OF STAFF TRAINING AND MANAGEMENT DEVELOPMENT ON EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT AND MOTIVATION IN THE NIGERIAN PUBLIC SECTOR - A CASE OF NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA (NOUN)
Dr. Chukwuemeka G. Eme	National Open University	ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE NIGER-DELTA-REGION OF NIGERIA-A CASE OF OGONI-LAND
Dr. Chukwuemeka G. Eme	National Open University	THE ROLE OF BUSINESS ETHICS IN THE EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT OF THE NIGERIAN PUBLIC SERVIC
Emre AKCAGÜNDÜZ	Trakya University	AN ANALYSIS OF PRESIDENTIAL POLICY COUNCILS



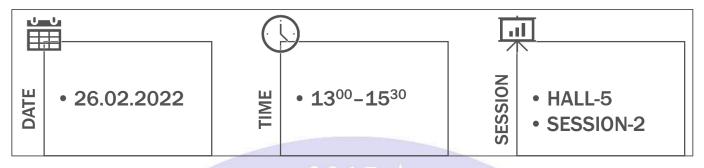
HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Iosefina BLAZSANI-BATTO		
Irin Sultana	King Khalid University	BECKETT'S WAITING FOR GODOT: NOT JUST AN ENIGMA
Pelin DOYGUN	Autonomous University of Madrid	PARADIGM OF IDENTITY AND ADMINISTRATION WITHIN THE GREEK-ORTHODOX COMMUNITY OF IZMIR (1900-1910)
Prof. Dr. Yasser K. R. Aman	Minia University	DUPLICITY AND IRONY OF FATE: FAMILY AS FIRST HOME IN THOMAS HARDY'S MAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE AND HASSAN EL BINDARY'S SALWA A'ROUH (SOUL'S CONSOLATION)
Prof. Dr. Yasser K. R. Aman	Minia University	CLONING OF THE SOUL AND REPRODUCTION OF THE SELF THROUGH SPACE AND TIME WITH REFERENCE TO LITERATURE AND TRANSLATION
Verdiyeva Gunay V.	Azerbaijan Nation <mark>al Academy</mark> of Scienc <mark>es</mark>	BORROWED TERMS IN PERSIAN AND AZERBAIJANI LANGUAGES
Dr. Iosefina BLAZSANI-BATTO Drd. Alina Iftime	Aze <mark>rbaijan</mark> Universi <mark>ty o</mark> f Languages Ankara University	THE CONTRIBUTION OF CINEMATOGRAPHY TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CULTURAL COMPETENCES IN LEARNING LANGUAGE ACQUISITION
Assist. Prof. Dr. Cansu GÜR Haitham ALMHAMMAD	Atatürk University Atatürk University	A REVIEW OF CONTRIBUTORY FACTORS TO THE DIVERSITY AMONG SIGN LANGUAGES IN THE ARAB WORLD
Ananda Majumdar	The University of Alberta	HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL THEATRE: TEXT AND PRESENTATIONS
Alexios Pliakos	the Research of Ancient Greek and Byzantine Technology	PREHISTORIC CALENDARS: SOME EUROPEAN, AEGEAN AND MINOAN ONES, IN PARALLEL
Dr. Haldun Aydıngün	Kocaeli University	CHIPPED TOOLS FROM THE SMALL HARBOR EXCAVATION IN ISTANBUL AVCILAR FIRUZKOY PENINSULA



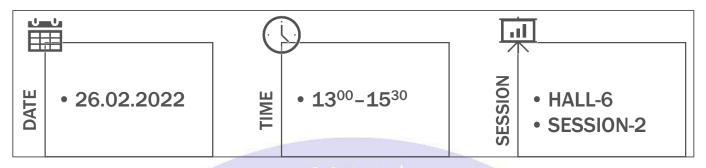
HEAD OF SESSION: Zhanna Dossan		
Gwaison Panan Danladi Zakari Sale Mwolchet Pokyes Shekara	Nigeria Police Academy College of Education	EFFECTS OF INSECURITY ON THE NIGERIAN ECONOMY
Gbenro Matthew Sokunbi Adeniyi Marcus Oresanwo Timothy Ayomitunde Aderemi	Michael Otedaola College of Primary Education Bells University	AGRICULTURE, FOOD SECURITY AND POVERTY REDUCTION IN NIGERIA: COINTEGRATION AND GRANGER CAUSALITY APPROACH
Tidhar Lev	University of Iași	PRESENTATION TOPIC - THE EFFECT OF GENERATION Z CHARACTERISTICS ON MANAGERS IN THE HIGH-TECH COMPANIES IN ISRAEL
Embun Savana Sih Darmi Astuti	Universitas Dian Nuswantoro	FLEXIBLE WORK ARRANGEMENTS IMPROVE LECTURER'S PERFORMANCE FASTER THAN WORK-LIFE BALANCE (EMPIRICAL STUDIES ON LECTURERS TELEWORKING DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC)
Zhanna Dossan	Wuhan University	THE COLLABORATION ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF ENERGY DIPLOMACY BETWEEN CHINA AND KAZAKHSTAN
Samuel Atsibha Gebreyesus	Ethiopian Civil Service University	FACTORS AFFECTING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE BUDGET MANAGEMENT IN THE CASE OF ETHIOPIA'S MINISTRY OF FINANCE
Kogi Chat Lot Ibrahim Kabir Adedeji	Ahmadu Bello University	IMPACT OF GOVERNMENT FINANCING ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN SUB- SAHARAN AFRICA (2000 – 2019)
Dr. Sultan SARI		THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SME'S LOANS AND GROWHT (2007-2021)
Ekwueme, Maureen Chika Paul Torty Ukaegbu, Jude Ukanwanne	Federal College of Education Technical Asaba Federal College of Education Technical Asaba Federal College of Education Technical Asaba	EFFECTS OF WORKING CAPITAL ON SALES GROWTH OF INDUSTRIAL GOODS ON MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN NIGERIA
Chems Eddine BOUKHEDIMI	University of Tizi Ouzou	THE ANALYSIS OF NATURAL GAS CONSUMPTION UNDER THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC IN THE BRICS COUNTRIES
Jayashankar.J	Hindustan Institute of Technology and Science	JAPANESE BANKING SYSTEM: A STUDY
Hoda Zobeiri	University of Mazandaran	FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC GROWTH IN AN OIL-RICH COUNTRY: THE CASE OF IRAN ECONOMY



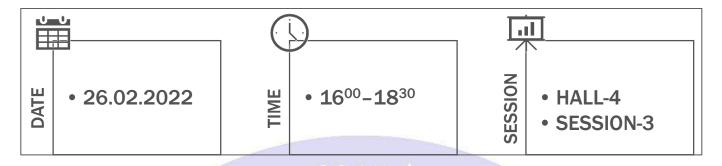
HEAD OF SESSION: Chandrasekharan PRAVEEN		
ALLEMBE Rodrigue Lézin	Université Marien Ngouabi	QUALIFIED VERSUS UNQUALIFIED EFL TEACHERS: A CASE STUDY OF LYCÉES CHAMINADE AND THOMAS SANKARA "B"
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Ophelia KANEVA	Varna Free University & Plovdiv University	TOGETHER IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROCESS - SUPPORTING STUDENTS AND TEACHERS IN INCLUSIVE ACTIVITIES
Mark Joshua D. Roxas	University of Perpetual Help	COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH WRITING IN THE NEW NORMAL: STUDENTS' VIEWS, CHALLENGES, COPING STRATEGIES, AND TAKEAWAYS
Tran Thi Hai Yen Bui Hoang Tan	Can Tho Univ <mark>ersity</mark> Can Tho Univ <mark>ersity</mark>	THE ADAPTATION OF THE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION - CAN THO UNIVERSITY TO THE RENOVATION OF THE GENERAL EDUCATION PROGRAM IN 2018
Hadi Sutrisno Adhy Firdaus Firmansyah	STIE GANESHA College of Economics STIE GANESHA College of Economics STIE GANESHA College of Economics	THE EFFECTIVITY OF THE ONE GENERAL MANAGER ONE TOURISM VOCATIONAL SCHOOL PROGRAM TO DEVELOP THE PRODUCTIVITY OF INDONESIAN TOURISM VOCATIONAL SCHOOL TEACHERS COMPETENCIES
Chandrasekharan PRAVEEN	Independent Researcher	ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING - REVIVIFYING A GANDHIAN PERSPECTIVE
Irshad Ullah Dr. Aamna Saleem Khan	Abdul Wali khan University Mentor at Publons Academy	PHILOSOPHY OF RESEARCH
Champa Devi	Rajiv Gandhi University	RADIO AS A SOURCE OF INFORMATION AND EDUCATION IN RURAL AREAS WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO ARUNACHAL PRADESH
Faryal Ishtiaq Saba Gulzar	Lahore College for Women University Lahore College for Women University	INVESTIGATING MONETARY POLICY DYNAMICS INPAKISTAN IMPACT ON PRIVATE INVESTMENT



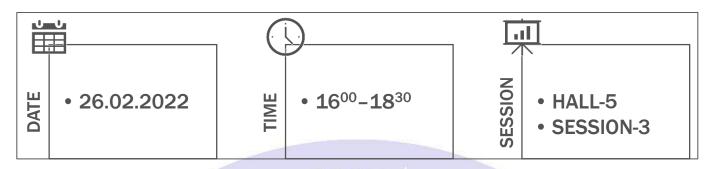
HEAD OF SESSION: Assist. Prof. Dr. Nino Kitoshvili		
Banul X.	Tiraspol State University	PEDAGOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES FOR THE FORMATION OF EMPATHIC COMMUNICATIVE COMPETENCE OF A FUTURE MEDICAL WORKER
Assoc. Prof. Dr. KIMBOUALA NKAYA MOUANDOU Ardy Blondel NGOULOU Merveille Prof. Dr. ANGOUNDOU Jean Jacques	ISSN 2616 - Marien NGOUABI University	IMPROVING CLASSROOM PRACTICES IN AN OVERCROWDED CLASS: AN EXPLORATION OF COMMUNICATIVE TEACHING STRATEGIES
Assist. Prof. Dr. Nino Kitoshvili	Tbilisi Op <mark>en U</mark> niversity	DIFFICULTIES IN ACHIEVING THE GOAL OF GENERAL EDUCATION IN THE SCHOOL
Yedil Zhumabekuly AİSHUK Nazgul Amangeldinovna ZHUNUSOVA Balzhan Kairkeldinovna ORAZALİNA	Kokshetau University	WAYS AND METHODS OF SCIENTIFIC AND METHODOLOGICAL SUPPORT OF LEARNING ACTIVITIES AND CONTENT
Nada Vidanović Petar Jović	Sing <mark>idu</mark> num Unive <mark>rsity</mark> Sing <mark>idunu</mark> m Univer <mark>sity</mark>	THE IMPACT OF THE COVID 19 PANDEMIC ON TOURISM IN SERBIA
Wahyuningsih Djaali Bazzar Ari Mighra Yasep Setiakarnawijaya	Universitas Negeri Jakarta Universitas Indonesia Universitas Indonesia	EFFECTS OF ACUPUNCTURE ON LEG MUSCLE STRENGTH: RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL IN SPORTS STUDENTS
Zimányi, Róbert G.	Hungarian University of Sports Science	APPEARANCE OF COVID19 IN COMPETITIVE SPORTS - JUSTICE AND FINAL RESULTS
Kusanova Anipa Erlankyzy Alshimbayeva Renata Hairatovna	Kazakh national women's teacher training university	CHOREOGRAPHY AND LİTERATURE CONNECTION ON THE BASIS OF TRAGEDY OF WİLLIAM SHAKESPEARE "ROMEO AND JULIET"
Mrs. Neelufar Farash	Pursuing B.ED	EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



HEAD OF SESSION: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Erkan EFİLTİ		
Kadriye GÜRDAĞ Dr. Kamil Arif KIRKIÇ Merve Gül MAZI	Istanbul Sabahattin Zaim University	SATISFACTION LEVELS OF FACULTY MEMBERS ATTENDING LEARNING AND TEACHING EXCELLENCE CENTER TRAININGS
Assist. Prof. Dr. Ezgi KAŞDARMA Adem KANTAR	Erzurum Tecnical University	INVESTIGATION OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FUTURE TIME ORIENTATIONS AND DEPRESSION IN THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC
Prof. Dr. Ahmet AKIN Yasemin DURMAZ	Istanbul Medeniyet University	AWARENESS OF COMPASSION IN FAMILY SCOPE (ACFS): VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Erkan EFİLTİ Emine BÜYÜKBAYRAM ERİŞ	Kyrgyz-Turkish Manas University	EXAMINING THE PERSPECTIVES OF HIGH SCHOOL GIRL STUDENTS ON MARRIAGE
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Erkan EFİLTİ Roza TAALAIBEK KYZY	Kyrgyz-Turkis <mark>h</mark> Manas University	THE EFFECT OF MARRIAGE OF MARRIED UNIVERSITY STUDENTS ON EDUCATION
Prof. Dr. Ahmet AKIN Gülşen Tuğçe KARAGÖZOĞLU	İstanbu <mark>l M</mark> edeniyet U <mark>nivers</mark> ity	THE ATTITUDE SCALE TOWARDS SPOUSE'S HOME PREFERENCES: A STUDY OF VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY
Prof. Dr. Ahmet AKIN Hatice Büşra KILIÇ	Istanbul Medeniyet University	EGOCENTRIC ATTITUDE SCALE IN MARRIAGE: VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY
Prof. Dr. Ahmet AKIN Esra DEMİR	Istanbul Medeniyet University	SCALE OF VALUING TRADITION IN THE FAMILY (SVTF): VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY
Prof. Dr. Ahmet AKIN Suna ERDEM	Istanbul Medeniyet University	I-LANGUAGE USE OF IN THE FAMILY: VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY
Burcu BAŞ Assoc. Prof. Dr. Durmuş ÜMMET	Istanbul Commerce University Marmara University	EXAMINATION OF TRAUMATIC FAMILY EXPERIENCES WITH CANCER DIAGNOSIS OF YOUNG PEOPLE AND OVER

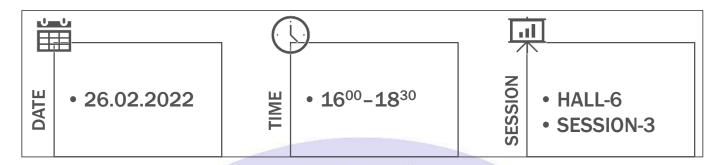


HEAD OF SESSION: Assist. Prof. Dr. Zekiye Aslıhan ÖZTÜRK			
Assist. Prof. Dr. Zekiye Aslıhan ÖZTÜRK	Tekirdağ Namık Kemal University	A BRIDGE FROM THE MIDDLE AGES TO MODERNISM: ART NOUVEAU AND BAUHAUS	
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hatice KETEN	Mehmet Akif Ersoy University	ART STUDIOS THAT ARE HOME OF CREATIVITY TO UNDERSTAND THE ARTIST AND THEIR WORKS	
Assist. Prof. Dr. Ferdi KARAÖNÇEL	Hakkari University	THE PROBLEMS MUSICIANS FACE ON THE STAGE AND SOLUTION SUGGESTIONS	
Assist. Prof. Dr. Habibe ALDAĞ	Çukurov <mark>a U</mark> niversity	A CONTENT ANALYSIS OF TEACHER CANDIDATES' EDUCATIONAL YOUTUBE VIDEO SELECTIONS	
Assist. Prof. Dr. Selçuk DEMİR	Şırnak University	THE ROLE OF WORKPLACE SPIRITUALITY ON WORK ENGAGEMENT IN SCHOOLS	
Dr. Ali ERDOĞAN Balı YILDIRIM	Selcuk Uni <mark>v</mark> ersity Karamanoğlu Mehm <mark>etbey</mark> University	EXAMINATION OF SPORTS SCIENCES FACULTY STUDENTS'COMMUNICATION SKILLS ACCORDING TO DIFFERENT DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS	
Dr. Meltem AYAZ Neslihan UZUN Zekeriya ÇİĞDEM	Republic of Turkey Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry	HISTORY OF OLIVE OIL AND ITS IMPORTANCE IN A HEALTHY LIFE JOURNEY	
Zekeriya ÇİĞDEM Neslihan UZUN Dr. Meltem AYAZ	Republic of Turkey Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry	THE USE OF OLIVE OIL IN FOLK MEDICINE FROM ANCIENT AGE TO THE PRESENT	
Assit. Prof. Dr. Ezgi TOKDİL	Burdur Mehmet Akif Ersoy University	CONVERSION OF CONVOLUTED AND EXTRAORDINARY LIVES INTO ARTISTIC PRODUCTION: THE CASE OF JUDITH SCOTT AND YAYOI KUSAMA	
Dr. Elifhan Köse Çal	Karamanoglu Mehmet Bey University	MASCULINITY DISCOURSE in NOVEL HİÇBİRYER	
Dr. Sabır GÜLER SEVLİ	Mersin University	STOIC PHILOSOPHY AND MODERN POLITICAL LIFE	
Samet Can AKSU Assoc. Prof. Dr. Yılmaz SEÇİM	Alanya HEP University Necmettin Erbakan University	EXAMINATION OF CULINARY CULTURE TRANSMISSION IN TERMS OF SUSTAINABILITY: GEORGIAN CUISINE	



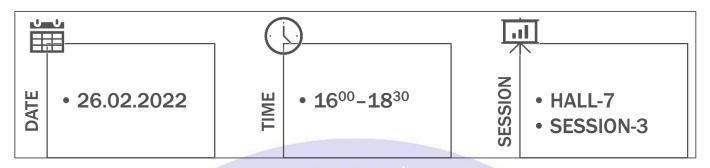
HEAD OF SESSION: Dr. Hassan ZARIOUH		
Dr. Habib DJOURDEM	Relizane University	CAPUTO TYPE IMPLICIT FRACTIONAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION WITH MULTIPOINT AND MULTITERM INTEGRAL BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
Dr. Noureddine BOUTERAA	University of Oran1	EXACT SOLUTIONS FOR INITIAL BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM
Dr. Taimoor salahuddin Muhammad Awais	Mirpur University	NUMERICAL INVESTIGATION OF CROSS FLUID MODEL OVER THE SURFACE OF PARABOLA
D.S.PATHANIA	Gulzar Group of Colleges	THERMO-MECHANICAL STRESSES IN ROTATING CYLINDERS, A-REVIEW
RAJA MOHAMMAD LATIF	Prince Mohammad Bin Fahd University	BWG**-COMPACTNESS IN TOPOLOGICAL SPACES
RAJA MOHAMMAD LATIF	Prince Mohammad Bin Fahd University	gα-MAPPINGS IN TOPOLOGICAL SPACES
Dr. Hassan ZARIOUH Zakariae AZNAY	Mohammed I <mark>University</mark>	NEW APPROACH TO WEYL'S THEOREM
Zakariae AZNAY Dr. Hassan ZARIOUH	Mohammed I Unive <mark>rsity</mark>	ADDITIONAL RESULTS FOR SEMI-B- FREDHOLM OPERATORS
Hassan ZARIOUH Naziha SAADA	Moh <mark>amm</mark> ed I Unive <mark>rsit</mark> y	NEW APPROACH TO A-WEYL'S THEOREM
Abdelkader SMAILI Dr. Hassan ZARIOUH	Mohammed I University	EXTENDED PROPERTIES OF (bz) AND (W_(n_00^a)

O THE RED TO CO.



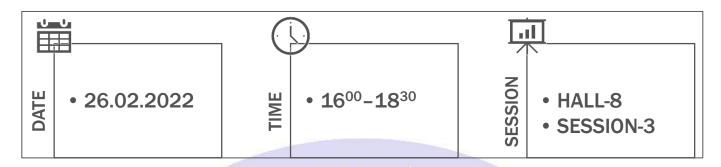
HEAD OF SESSION: Assist. Prof. Dr. Canan ŞENTÜRK		
Prof. Mykola VAS'KIV	Kyiv University	GENRE-STYLISTIC ORIGINALITY OF V. MEDVID'S NOVEL-QUOTES "KASYM- BEK"
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Olha BYKOVA	Kyiv University	GENRE AND STYLE SPECIFICITY OF MODERN TRAVEL REPORTING IN SOCIO-POLITICAL WEEKLYS
Prof. Dr. Jean Vasile ANDREI Iuliana Denisa RADULESCU Luminita CHIVU	Petroleum-Gas University of Ploiesti The Bucharest University of Econo <mark>mic</mark> Studies Romanian Academy	A ROMANIAN APPROACH ON AGRICULTURE AND RURAL COMMUNITIES` TRANSFORMATIONS IN CONTEXT OF NEW ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY EXIGENCIES: CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES
Assist. Prof. Dr. Canan ŞENTÜRK Selin KAYA	Suleyman Demirel University Suleyman Demirel Unive <mark>r</mark> sity	ECONOMIC CONSEQUENCES OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC: MACROECONOMIC OUTLOOK OF EU, USA AND TURKEY
Sinem KURTURAL KARAKUNDAKOĞLU	Dokuz Eylül Unive <mark>rsity</mark>	THE EXAMINATION OF KOSTEM OLIVE OIL MUSEUM IN TERMS OF, LOCATION, ARCHITECTURE, EXHIBITION AND COLLECTION





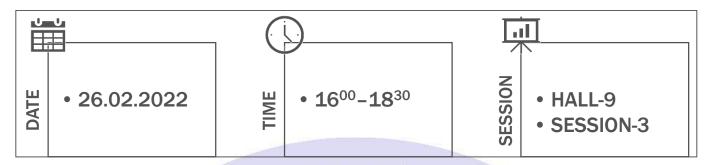
HEAD OF SESSION: Lect. Ufuk GÜRAL		
Lect. Ufuk GÜRAL	Dokuz Eylul University	A REVIEW OF "TROY" IN THE CONTEXT OF FILM-REALITY RELATIONSHIP
Mohammadreza Mehrabanpour	University of Tehran	IMPACT OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND ORGANIZATIONAL FACTORS ON PERFORMANCE-BASED MANAGEMENT REWARD AND CORPORATE PERFORMANCE
Mariam KVETENADZE Sophiko TABATADZE Tbilisi State University Tbilisi State University Tbilisi State University To State Univer		

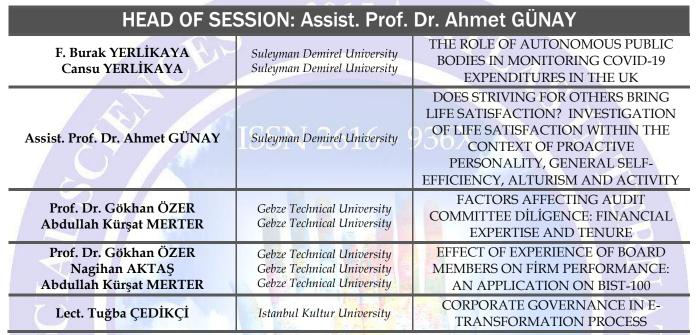




HEAD OF SESSION: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Melda Medine SUNAY		
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Melda Medine SUNAY Ayşenur AKDEMİR SALMAN	Bursa Teknik University Bursa Teknik University	PHOBIC EFFECTS OF THE COVID-19 EPIDEMIC ON HUMANS
Prof. Dr. Nergüz BULUT SERİN Melodi GÜLCAN	European University of Lefke Türkiye,Ministry of National Education	EXAMINATION OF POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE THINKING LEVELS OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC PROCESS
Çağlasın Yaldız	Kırklareli University	ARREST FROM PROTECTIVE MEASURES AND PROBLEMS IN IMPLEMENTATION
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Erhan TUNÇ Muhammed Furkan TUNÇ	Gaziante <mark>p U</mark> niversity Marmara University	CAREER COMMITMENT AND CAREER DECISION REGRET OF PSYCHOLOGICAL COUNSELORS AND COUNSELING CANDIDATES
Dr. Mehmet Emin KALGI	Ministry of Education	CAN RELIGIOSITY BE MEASURED?







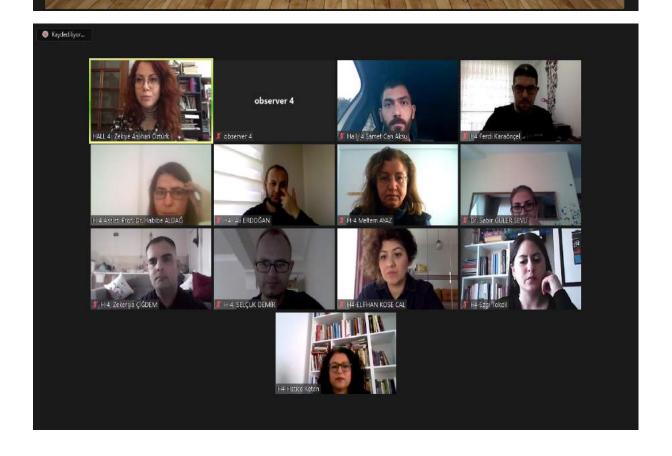


ORTA ÇAĞ'DAN MODERNİZME BİR KÖPRÜ: ART NOUVEAU VE BAUHAUS

A BRIDGE FROM THE MIDDLE AGES TO MODERNISM: ART NOUVEAU AND BAUHAUS

DR.ÖĞR.ÜYESİ ZEKİYE ASLIHAN ÖZTÜRK





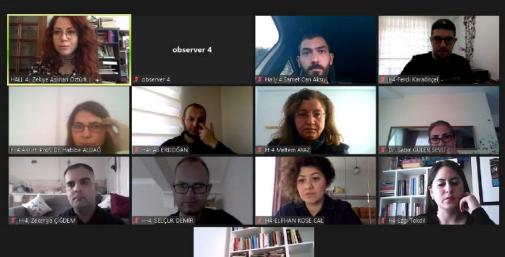








Kaydediliyor...



CONTENT

CONFERENCES ID	I
PROGRAM	II
PHOTO GALLERY	Ш
CONTENT	IV

Author	Title	No
Serpil ÖZDEMİR Ebru DAŞTAN	READABILITY LEVELS OF READING TEXTS IN NEW ISTANBUL TURKISH BOOKS FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS	1
Asmar Khanbala kızı Kerimova	ARABICS-PERSIONS DERIVED SUFFIXES IN AZERBAIJAN AND TURKISH LANGUAGE AND THEIR EQUIVALENCE	19
Onur DÖLEK	EXAMINATION OF SECONDARY STUDENTS' LISTENING MOTIVATIONS IN TERMS OF VARIOUS VARIABLES	33
Tarık DEMİR	TEACHING TURKISH TO FOREIGNERS AS AN EDUCATIONAL DIPLOMACY ACTIVITY	49
Gülşah PARLAK KALKAN	NOTES ON SOME STREET AND STREET NAMES IN KİLİS	55
M. Fatih DEMİRDAĞ	PASTAFARIANISM AS AN EXAMPLE OF A RELIGIOUS GROUP	70
Cüneyt COŞKUN	WHAT IS "THE CULTURE OF SCIENCE"?	76
Kadir ÖZKÖSE	WITH ITS SOCIAL, CULTURAL AND POLITICAL TEXTURE HISTORICAL ADVENTURE OF TUNISIA	85
Işıl AVŞAR ARIK	THE EFFECTS OF THE SYRIAN CIVIL WAR IN THE CONTEXT OF BORDER SOCIOLOGY: THE CASE OF HATAY/HASSA BORDER	114
Zeynep Burcu Şahin	RELIGION AND BELIEF BASED HATE SPEECH: TWITTER CASE	129
Şerafettin ERTEN	THE CO-PRODUCER ROLE OF CITIZENS: AN EVALUATION IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE NEW PUBLIC SERVICE AND THE PUBLIC VALUE THEORY	144
Farida Tagiyeva	ARTICLE ABOUT THE BOOK RACISM IN THEORY AND PRACTICE	157

İzzettin BEŞTAŞ	2. DEPUTIES OF MARDIN AND THEIR ACTIVITIES	163
Rehim Mecnunov	MEDIA IN AZERBAIJAN IN THE EARLY TWENTIETH CENTURY AND THEIR ACTIVITIES	172
Murat İNAN	INTERPERSONAL TRUST AS A DETERMINANT OF GOVERNMNENT- VOTER IDEOLOGICAL CONGRUENCE	179
Murat İNAN	SYSTEMIC FACTORS EFFECTING GOVERNMENT-VOTER IDEOLOGICAL CONGRUENCE	193
Pınar AKGÜL	HOW 'NEW' ARE THE NEW WARS?	204
Yılmaz SEÇİM Mehmet KORU	A RESEARCH ON THE CUISINE CULTURES OF YORUKS, WHO EMIGRATED FROM NOMADIC TO SETTLED LIFE (EXAMPLE OF ÇANAKKALE)	213
Safarova Chinara Gabil	TURKEY AND GEORGIA'S WORLD ENERGY MARKET TRANSFORMATION STRATEGY FOR "CORRIDOR COUNTRIES" AND ITS RESULTS	224
Ahmet ÜSTÜN Banu Çiçek SARISOY	THE EFFECT OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROBLEMS FACED BY TEACHERS AND OTHER SCHOOL PROBLEMS AND THESE PROBLEMS ON TEACHER PERFORMANCE	233
Ahmet ÜSTÜN Emel AKIN	THE PROBLEMS FACED BY WOMEN MANAGERS IN EDUCATION MANAGEMENT AND THE OBSTACLES TO THEIR PROMOTION IN THE POST	245
Ayşe Ahsen Talu Erdoğan Tezci	TEACHER TRAINING PROGRAMME IN THE CONTEXT OF EDUCATION POLICIES	260
Leyla SEYFİYEVA	EXAMINATION OF AESTHETIC LEADERSHIP QUALIFICATIONS AND BEHAVIORS	274
Canan TİFTİK Bilge TURP GÖLBAŞI Hande AYHAN GÖKCEK	CAREER TRANSFORMATION IN HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT IN BUSINESSES AND THE EVALUATION OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATIONS IN TERMS OF MARKETING	292
Katibe AKYOL Serap KALFAOĞLU	AN APPLIED STUDY ON THE RELATIONSHIP OF JOB FEATURES AND FOCUS OF CONTROL	308
Adeviye ERDOĞAN	DETERMINING THE OPINIONS AND EXPECTATIONS OF DISTANCE EDUCATION VOCATIONAL SCHOOL	322

	STUDENTS ON WORKING LIFESTYLE: A QUALITATIVE STUDY	
Kürşad ÇAVUŞOĞLU	ANALYSIS OF MOBILE ACCOUNTING APPLICATIONS WITH ACCOUNTING SEARCH RESULT	332
Tuğçe METİN	POPULATION, MIGRATION AND LABOR MARKET A STUDY ON TURKEY AND SOUTHEASTERN ANATOLIA REGION	351
Abrehet Mehari	ASSESSMENT OF THE AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURING SECTOR'S LINKAGES IN ETHIOPIA	367
Manotar TAMPUBOLON	HUMAN INTERACTION MODEL EMERGING CHANGES DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC	384
Delia-Mihaela MARINESCU	ANALYSIS OF DIPLOMACY FUNCTIONS FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF MAINTAINING SECURITY	405
Andrijana Savic Gordana Dobrijevic	WORKING FROM HOME	417
Branislav SANČANIN Sofija SANČANIN	KEY DETERMINANTS FOR THE CHOICE OF TRADITIONAL MEDIA FOR ADVERTISING DURING THE EMPLOYMENT PROCESS	431
Kusni INGSIH Ana KADARNINGSIH Agus Susilo NUGROHO	COMPENSATION, WORK DISCIPLINE, WORK ENVIRONMENT AND EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE	442
Musa M. KAMARA	AFRICA: TRANSITIONS FROM AUTHORITARIAN SOCIALISM TO LIBERAL DEMOCRACY	449
Musa M. KAMARA	THE LIBERIAN CIVIL WAR, CONFLICT RESOLUTION ACTIVITIES AND THE INVOLVING INSTITUTIONS FOR ESTABLISHING PERMANENT PEACE IN LIBERIA	458
Erkan POLAT Serap KALFAOĞLU	AN APPLIED RESEARCH ON THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN JOB CRAFTING AND PROACTIVE CAREER ENGAGEMENT BEHAVIOURS	478
Nur HOŞGÖR	EVALUATION OF TECHNOLOGIES APPLIED IN TURKEY IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT	493
Nil Arıcı Farid Huseynov	THE EFFECTS OF IN-APP ADVERTISEMENTS ON USER BEHAVIOR IN GOOGLE PLAY STORE GAMES	508

Sefer AYDOĞAN	THE MANAGERIAL REACTIONS OF AIRPORT BUSINESS	517
Serap YALÇINYİĞİT	SUBJECTIVE TIME, EMOTIONS, AND JOB AUTONOMY IN REMOTE WORK SETTINGS	530
Erol MUZIR Vedat Akman Cevdet Kızıl	THE OTHER SIDE OF THE DOOR: ACCOUNTING RELATED, FINANCIAL AND MANAGERIAL RECOMMENDATIONS TO PREPARE FOR THE POST COVID-19 PANDEMIC ERA	538
Miray ÖZER DENİZ	AN EVALUATION OF THE DECEASED'S PERSONAL DATA'S NON-PROTECTION	558
Miray ÖZER DENİZ	THE RULE OF THE FEE IN THE MANDATORY MEDIATION IN THE CONSUMER LAW	567
Ahmet Niyazi ÖZKER	PROBLEMS IN THE GLOBAL SERVICE TRADING CASE AND POTENTIAL DEVIATIONS IN ECONOMIC GROWTH EXPECTATIONS	573
Cemile ÇETİN Günseli Berfin AKAN	THE EFFECT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON GENERATION Z'S PROFESSION/CAREER CHOICE -A QUALITATIVE STUDY-	589
S. Meral Çakıcı	MACROECONOMIC STABILITY AND FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT	609
Nuran ÖZLÜK Hüseyin DOĞRAMACIOĞLU	MORAL SCHOOL PLAYS BY MEHMET RÂİF [OGAN]	626
Nuran ÖZLÜK Hüseyin DOĞRAMACIOĞLU	EVIDENCE OF UNCIVILIZED BEHAVIORS IN THE WEST WITH NEWSPAPERS: THE CASE OF ALİ MUZAFFER- PARİS'TE VAHŞET (BRUTALITY İN PARIS)	641
Ahmet Şükrü PAMPAL Emre Burak EKMEKÇİOĞLU	LEADER-MEMBER EXCHANGE AND INNOVATIVE WORK BEHAVIOR: THE MODERATING ROLE OF DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE	650
Franck AMOUSSOU Jean Tata TOSSOU	A SYSTEMIC FUNCTIONAL AND SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS OF AN ELECTION SWAYING STRATEGY	663
Hemlata V. Gaikwad Shrikant S. Karanjkar Vallabh Pradip Shete	IMPORTANCE OF USER GENERATED CONTENT AS PART OF DIGITAL MARKETING	679
Shrikant S. Karanjkar Krishnaji S. Patil Smita Suresh Jadhav	DISTRIBUTERS OPINION TOWARDS FOOD PROCESSING PRODUCTS IN WESTERN MAHARASHTRA	686

Krishnaji Sarjerao Patil Digvijay Satish Patil Kartik Khot Rohit Patil	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: A TOOL USED TO TAKE FINANCIAL DECISIONS ENTERPRISES	694
Krishnaji Sarjerao Patil Aniket Suresh Pardeshi Urvi Shah Riya Kalburgi	INVESTORS BEHAVIOUR TOWARDS SYSTEMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN OF MUTUAL FUNDS	704
Emre AKCAGÜNDÜZ	AN ANALYSIS OF PRESIDENTIAL POLICY COUNCILS	712
Yasser K. R. Aman	DUPLICITY AND IRONY OF FATE: FAMILY AS FIRST HOME IN THOMAS HARDY'S MAYOR OF CASTERBRIDGE AND HASSAN EL BINDARY'S SALWA A'ROUH (SOUL'S CONSOLATION)	720
Yasser K. R. Aman	CLONING OF THE SOUL AND REPRODUCTION OF THE SELF THROUGH SPACE AND TIME WITH REFERENCE TO LITERATURE AND TRANSLATION	727
Iosefina BLAZSANI-BATTO Alina Iftime	THE CONTRIBUTION OF CINEMATOGRAPHY TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CULTURAL COMPETENCES IN LEARNING LANGUAGE ACQUISITION	736
Cansu GÜR Haitham ALMHAMMAD	A REVIEW OF CONTRIBUTORY FACTORS TO THE DIVERSITY AMONG SIGN LANGUAGES IN THE ARAB WORLD	752
Ananda Majumdar	HISTORY OF MEDIEVAL THEATRE: TEXT AND PRESENTATIONS	761
Gwaison Panan Danladi Zakari Sale Mwolchet Pokyes Shekara	EFFECTS OF INSECURITY ON THE NIGERIAN ECONOMY	769
Samuel Atsibha Gebreyesus	FACTORS AFFECTING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE BUDGET MANAGEMENT IN THE CASE OF ETHIOPIA'S MINISTRY OF FINANCE	784
Kogi Chat Lot Ibrahim Kabir Adedeji	IMPACT OF GOVERNMENT FINANCING ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN SUB- SAHARAN AFRICA (2000 – 2019)	801
Ekwueme, Maureen Chika Paul Torty Ukaegbu, Jude Ukanwanne	EFFECTS OF WORKING CAPITAL ON SALES GROWTH OF INDUSTRIAL GOODS ON MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN NIGERIA	818
ALLEMBE Rodrigue Lézin	QUALIFIED VERSUS UNQUALIFIED EFL TEACHERS: A CASE STUDY OF LYCÉES	839

	CHAMINADE AND THOMAS SANKARA "B"	
Hadi Sutrisno Adhy Firdaus Firmansyah	THE EFFECTIVITY OF THE ONE GENERAL MANAGER ONE TOURISM VOCATIONAL SCHOOL PROGRAM TO DEVELOP THE PRODUCTIVITY OF INDONESIAN TOURISM VOCATIONAL SCHOOL TEACHERS COMPETENCIES	855
Chandrasekharan PRAVEEN	ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING – REVIVIFYING A GANDHIAN PERSPECTIVE	866
Nada Vidanović Petar Jović	THE IMPACT OF THE COVID 19 PANDEMIC ON TOURISM IN SERBIA	873
Wahyuningsih Djaali Bazzar Ari Mighra Yasep Setiakarnawijaya	EFFECTS OF ACUPUNCTURE ON LEG MUSCLE STRENGTH: RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL IN SPORTS STUDENTS	883
Kadriye GÜRDAĞ Kamil Arif KIRKIÇ Merve Gül MAZI	SATISFACTION LEVELS OF FACULTY MEMBERS ATTENDING LEARNING AND TEACHING EXCELLENCE CENTER TRAININGS	892
Ahmet AKIN Yasemin DURMAZ	AWARENESS OF COMPASSION IN FAMILY SCOPE (ACFS): VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY	909
Erkan EFİLTİ Emine BÜYÜKBAYRAM ERİŞ	EXAMINING THE PERSPECTIVES OF HIGH SCHOOL GIRL STUDENTS ON MARRIAGE	914
Erkan EFİLTİ Roza TAALAIBEK KYZY	THE EFFECT OF MARRIAGE OF MARRIED UNIVERSITY STUDENTS ON EDUCATION	929
Burcu BAŞ Durmuş ÜMMET	EXAMINATION OF TRAUMATIC FAMILY EXPERIENCES WITH CANCER DIAGNOSIS OF YOUNG PEOPLE AND OVER	941
Zekiye Aslıhan ÖZTÜRK	A BRIDGE FROM THE MIDDLE AGES TO MODERNISM: ART NOUVEAU AND BAUHAUS	959
Ferdi KARAÖNÇEL	THE PROBLEMS MUSICIANS FACE ON THE STAGE AND SOLUTION SUGGESTIONS	974
Habibe ALDAĞ	A CONTENT ANALYSIS OF TEACHER CANDIDATES' EDUCATIONAL YOUTUBE VIDEO SELECTIONS	994
Selçuk DEMİR	THE ROLE OF WORKPLACE SPIRITUALITY ON WORK ENGAGEMENT IN SCHOOLS	1015

Ezgi TOKDİL	CONVERSION OF CONVOLUTED AND EXTRAORDINARY LIVES INTO ARTISTIC PRODUCTION: THE CASE OF JUDITH SCOTT AND YAYOI KUSAMA	1022
Samet Can AKSU Yılmaz SEÇİM	EXAMINATION OF CULINARY CULTURE TRANSMISSION IN TERMS OF SUSTAINABILITY: GEORGIAN CUISINE	1040
RAJA MOHAMMAD LATIF	BWG**-COMPACTNESS IN TOPOLOGICAL SPACES	1056
RAJA MOHAMMAD LATIF	gα-MAPPINGS IN TOPOLOGICAL SPACES	1079
Mykola VAS'KIV	GENRE-STYLISTIC ORIGINALITY OF V. MEDVID'S NOVEL-QUOTES "KASYM- BEK"	1103
Sinem KURTURAL KARAKUNDAKOĞLU	THE EXAMINATION OF KOSTEM OLIVE OIL MUSEUM IN TERMS OF, LOCATION, ARCHITECTURE, EXHIBITION AND COLLECTION	1121
Ufuk GÜRAL	A REVIEW OF "TROY" IN THE CONTEXT OF FILM-REALITY RELATIONSHIP	1134
Mohammadreza Mehrabanpour	IMPACT OF THE EFFECTIVENESS OF REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND ORGANIZATIONAL FACTORS ON PERFORMANCE-BASED MANAGEMENT REWARD AND CORPORATE PERFORMANCE	1145
Melda Medine SUNAY Ayşenur AKDEMİR SALMAN	PHOBIC EFFECTS OF THE COVID-19 EPIDEMIC ON HUMANS	1176
Nergüz BULUT SERİN Melodi GÜLCAN	EXAMINATION OF POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE THINKING LEVELS OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC PROCESS	1191
Gökhan ÖZER Abdullah Kürşat MERTER	FACTORS AFFECTING AUDIT COMMITTEE DİLİGENCE: FINANCIAL EXPERTISE AND TENURE	1207
Gökhan ÖZER Nagihan AKTAŞ Abdullah Kürşat MERTER	EFFECT OF EXPERIENCE OF BOARD MEMBERS ON FİRM PERFORMANCE: AN APPLICATION ON BIST-100	1216
Tuğba ÇEDİKÇİ	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE IN E- TRANSFORMATION PROCESS	1223
Ahmet AKIN Esra DEMİR	SCALE OF VALUING TRADITION IN THE FAMILY (SVTF): A STUDY OF VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY	1229

Ahmet AKIN Hatice Büşra KILIÇ	THE SCALE OF EGOCENTRIC ATTITUDE IN MARRIAGE: VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY	1234
Ahmet AKIN Suna ERDEM	I-LANGUAGE USE OF IN THE FAMILY: VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY STUDY	1240
Ahmet AKIN Gülşen Tuğçe KARAGÖZOĞLU	THE ATTITUDE SCALE TOWARDS SPOUSE'S HOME PREFERENCES: A STUDY OF VALIDITY AND RELIABILITY	1246
Buket BORA SEMİZ Tarık SEMİZ	BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSES ON SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING IN HEALTHCARE SECTOR	1252
Lakshya M R L.R.K. Krishnan	EMERGING STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING A GREENED WORKFORCE IN THE NEW ECO-SYSTEM	1262
Ophelia KANEVA	TOGETHER IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION PROCESS – SUPPORTING STUDENTS AND TEACHERS IN INCLUSIVE ACTIVITIES	1282
Kusni INGSIH Muhammad Abdul Manaf Ana KADARNINGSIH	WORK TRAINING, ORGANIZATIONAL CULTURE, LEADERSHIP AND EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE	1297
Sophiko Tabatadze Mariam Kvetenadze	SHARP POLARIZATION IN THE GEORGIAN MEDIA AND POLITICAL AGENDA (ON THE EXAMPLE OF MIKHEIL SAAKASHVILI'S RETURN TO GEORGIA)	1303

COVID-19 PANDEMİSİ SIRASINDA İNSAN ETKİLEŞİMİ MODELİ YAŞANAN DEĞİŞİKLİKLER

HUMAN INTERACTION MODEL EMERGING CHANGES DURING THE COVID-19
PANDEMIC

Manotar TAMPUBOLON

Universitas Kristen Indonesia, Faculty of Law Endonezya Hristiyan Üniversitesi, Hukuk Fakültesi ORCID ID: 0000-0003-0618-7980

ÖZET

Dünyanın dört bir yanındaki insanlar, yeni koronavirüse yakalanma riskini azaltmak ve daha fazla yayılmasını önlemek için işte, evde ve ibadet yerlerindeki alışkanlıklarını değiştirdi. El sıkışmaktan, yanaktan öpülmekten ve sarılmaktan kaçınılması şiddetle tavsiye edilir. Bunun yerine, doğrudan bir bakış veya el hareketi deneyin. Yazar, güvenilir kaynaklardan elde edilen ve kütüphane araştırması yoluyla elde edilen, el sıkışma kültürü (COVID-19) hakkında belge veya makale şeklindeki ikincil verilere dayanmaktadır. Sosyal değişim perspektifinden bu nitel çalışma, dokunmadan dokunmama modeline kadar insan etkileşimlerinin değişen doğasını incelemektedir. COVID-19'un bir sonucu olarak insanların etkileşim biçimindeki değişiklikler insan yaşamında yeni bir olgudur; Selamlaşma, el sıkışma, sarılma gibi dramatik değişiklikler, COVID-19 bulaşma yayılımını azaltma bahanesiyle değişti. Toplumdilbilime göre, başkalarını selamlamak, sosyal etkileşimlerde nezaketle ilişkili bir rutindir. Ancak bu, sosyal etkileşimin sonu değildir ve bu makale, yeni sosyal etkileşim modellerinin ne ve nasıl ortaya çıktığı sorusunu ele almaktadır. Yazara göre çoğu ülkede insan etkileşimleri, Covid-19'un bir yan etkisi olarak önemini kaybetmeden eski modelden yeni modele gececek.

Anahtar Kelimeler: Insan etkileşimi; el sıkışma, vücut teması, sosyal normlaryat.

ABSTRACT

People around the world have changed their habits at work, at home, and in places of worship to reduce the risk of contracting the new coronavirus and to prevent it from spreading further. It is strongly advised to avoid shaking hands, kissing on the cheek, and hugging. Instead, try a direct gaze or a hand gesture. The author relies on secondary data in the form of documents or articles about handshake culture, COVID-19, obtained from reliable sources and obtained through library research. From the perspective of social change, this qualitative study

investigates the changing nature of human interactions from the touch to the un-touch model. Changes in the way humans interact as a result of COVID-19 are a new phenomenon in human life; dramatic changes such as how to greet someone, shake hands, and hug have changed with the excuse of reducing COVID-19 transmission spread. According to sociolinguistics, greeting others is a routine associated with politeness in social interactions. This, however, is not the end of social interaction, and this article addresses the question of what and how new models of social interaction are emerging. According to the author, human interactions in most countries will shift from the old to the new model as a side effect of the covid-19 without losing their significance.

Keywords: human interaction; handshake, body touch, social norms.

Introduction

People's lives have been drastically altered as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and government responses in individual countries. The changes are not only in life discipline, but also in how people interact with one another (Calbi, 2021; Soga, et.al, 2021; Naser et al, 2021). It places humans in a state of fear and change, causing them to suffer from psychological illnesses, shock, trauma, fear, loneliness, existential anxiety, and grief. (Martens et al., 2020; Torales et al., 2020; Tampubolon, Silalahi, and Siagian, 2021; Kovacs et al., 2021; Pawar, 2020). Infectious disease's health impact has been linked to stricter cultural norms and practices (Gelfand, 2019). As a result, most countries around the world are currently shifting their practice systems to a new model that does not involve touching the body. Long before the COVID-19 Pandemic, almost everyone in the world greeted each other with a handshake and some with a hug, though some people greet each other in different ways (Ciolli, 2020). Handshakes have been recorded in ancient Greek reliefs for over three thousand years (Oxlund, 2020). According to Smith (2020), a handshake is a type of psychological nature that can foster inner health and emotional closeness.

The World Health Organization's (2020) physical distancing policy has an indirect impact on the loss of the handshake tradition that has existed in people's lives and social interactions. Humans are no longer exchanging handshakes and hugs in order to prevent the spread of the COVD-19 virus by devising their own unique methods based on culture or rules established by the government and mutually agreed upon. Several countries around the world have officially declared their intention to use a touchless system that is considered polite or in accordance with their respective cultures. Social values that are not touched are still socialized in their society. A community habit is a culture that is carried out continuously in a

descending manner so that it becomes an important part of people's social lives. Such as the culture of shaking hands, which is practiced by almost all segments of society regardless of ethnicity, race, religion, age, or social status. As a result, this culture is a common habit that can be found in society. However, little is known about the fact that a handshake can still have multiple meanings depending on how a group or community interprets it.

Prior to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, most people around the world would greet others with a handshake or a hug (Chiolli, 2020). Shaking hands is one of the most common forms of social interaction touch (Stenzel and Rupert, 2004). A handshake is essentially a form of kindness, and it is all part of the ritual of seeking commonalities (Younis & Baldwin, 2020). Handshakes, on the other hand, are increasingly being avoided because they can spread the Corona virus (Bruns, 2020; World Health Organization, 2020; Hamilton, 2019). Handshakes and hugs, as forms of human interaction, never return, according to Fauci (Clarridge, 2021). According to Matschke and Rieger (2020), "a large proportion of people plan to at least partially maintain these changes after the end of the pandemic." People are no longer able to engage with culture (Council of Europe, 2020). This transformation has occurred in 194 countries (Council of Europe, 2020; Ciolli, 2020; Carla, 2019; Paula, 2020). As a result, the goal of this study is to provide a broader historical and theoretical foundation for future interaction models. How do the author construct research issues regarding shifting human contact systems in nearly every country so that we can establish middle informational ideas about the attributes that have a strong impact on social interactions? What are some potential future research questions?

To address these concerns, this study first defines human interaction as a form of communication, gesture, and social culture. This study then explains how different types of human interaction can be distinguished in different countries based on how they greet others, beginning with the language spoken and progressing to body language when meeting new people. According to the study, how people greet others has historically varied across countries; second, the impact of COVID-19 has changed the way people greet others in almost all countries; and third, some of the old ways of greeting others still exist, while new models may be invented. This study builds on comparative and historical research centered on this framework, allowing for a more effective understanding of whether old models of interaction, such as shaking hands, can still be maintained. Finally, this research applies these findings to create an analysis of the conditions underlying the reconstruction of human interactions during the COVID-19 transition and in the future.

Review Related Literature

Previous researchers from various perspectives discovered that handshakes can be used as an old human interaction model (Hollingsworth, 2021), spiritual care (Smith, 2020), a variety of social, psychological, and biological benefits (Williams & Dienes, 2021), or to express empathy or gratitude (Williams & Dienes, 2021). (Forsell & Anstrom, 2012). The handshake is largely based on ancient history, when one's hands were empty or without weapons because "your right hand is your sword hand" (Al-Shamahi, 2021), to symbolize peace (Strochlic, 2020), and then, in the nineteenth century, to symbolize equality (Garber, 2020). Handshakes also encourage deal-making and convey a sense of conscience (Schroder et.al., 2019; Bernieri & Petty, 2011). It benefits those who have difficulty with social skills (Nagy et al., 2020), increases the positive impact and decreases the negative impact on social interactions (Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology. (2012), and the meaning of the peace agreement is also attached to the handshake (Oxlund, 2020). Handshakes represent peace, improve the quality of interactions, and produce a higher level of trust almost instantly (AGweek, 2018). Even a single handshake can reveal a lot about a person's personality; it is an important component of one's first impression of a person (Chaplin et.al, 200). Humans, as social beings, are independent of nationality or cultural background, and prolonged isolation can cause significant psychological distress, psychological problems, violence, mental health issues, increased fear, anxiety symptoms, loneliness, and depression. Stigmatization, discrimination, increased depression rates, and suicide (Yoosefi Lebni et al, 2021; Tampubolon, Silalahi & Siagian, 2021; Golaya, 2021; Bruns, Kraguljac, & Bruns, 2020; Banerjee & Rai, 2020; Carvalho Aguiar Melo, & de Sousa, 2020). However, the spread of Covid-19 through direct interaction has caused governments around the world to struggle to implement policies that limit social interaction (OECD, 2020a; OECD, 2020b) (Mondada et. al. 2020).

Research Methodology

A secondary research method was used in this qualitative study to identify the shift in human interaction from touch to un-touch body as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. A deductive approach was considered in this research paper. Multidisciplinary perspectives were considered in this research because they aid in identifying the transition from an old type of social interaction to a new model using changes in human interaction related information as secondary sources. The content analysis focuses on the emergence of change in human interaction by employing greeting models (Cioli, 2020). Secondary sources, such as

information from journal articles concerning changes in human interaction, have been considered for meeting the themes' objectives.

Discussion

The Concept of Handshake

The act of greeting someone by clasping their hand in yours and giving a brief, firm, up-anddown shake is referred to as a handshake. (From Merriam-Webster) (n.d.). This is a formal way of interacting with others (Dolcos, et.al, 2020). The phrase "clapping your hand" refers to two people shaking hands and greeting each other. The form of the 'handshake' in relation to personal interactions reflects what Wei (2010) pertains to as a 'greeting' characteristic. Wei (2010: 58) refers to the element of "greeting" in social interaction as a "conversational routine," emphasizing how individuals initiate interaction with other people or social groups. According to Dolcos et al. (2012), the element of 'handshake' in social interaction refers to previous social interactions that increase the positive impact of the approach while decreasing the negative impact of avoidance behavior on the evaluation of social interaction. While the handshake that occurs is only to eliminate the negative impact of potentially weak social interactions, this interaction model may be abandoned (Feuillatre, 2020). Handshakes in social interactions that appear to cancel out negative effects are not genuine or natural, so they are not invariably acceptable (Erfesoglou, 2017). Handshake communications must come from the heart, not just to make people happy and do not go against culture (Resat, 2019). Prohibition of handshakes because it is against culture; rejecting this model may be relatively easy; neglecting the custom of handshakes that are considered part of culture and courtesy in different communities, groups, companies, ethnicities, and nationalities is more difficult. According to Raikhan et al. (2013) (in Globalization of Culture), the perilous loss of cultural identity occurs when younger generations mimic one another's attire, lifestyles, tastes, and behaviors, exacerbating them to portray, as well as essentially operate be invisible. Individuals, groups, and communities must all work collaboratively to defend and maintain handshake as a culture, and this process can help to strengthen handshake as a culture. As a result of the process of cultural globalization in which they are created, built, and constantly changing, handshakes as a mode of interaction can be shifted, eliminated, or weakened. Abandoning the handshake as an interacting tool, an empirical explanation of how the handshake is constructed and maintained, as well as loosened and weakened in specific contexts, is considered necessary.

At the debate level, there are at least three points of view as to why the traditional handshake model should be abandoned. First, according to Matschke and Rieger (2020:4), "interactions became more awkward and people hesitated to greet each other in the traditional way, and eventually routine greetings were rejected and abandoned in favor of non-standard greetings." Andongo et al. (2016) argue that a handshake greeting may be possible to avoid the spread of COVID-19 (as the handshake is considered a high-risk habitual practice in Ebola), which served as an earlier example and allowed people to avoid handshakes whilst still sustaining the potential for the spread and transmission of COVID-19 by each other. However, the implicit assumptions of this form of social interaction are increasingly being researched and challenged; for example, their perception of a handshake as a universal thing to do, which leads to a change in the need for a more inclusive interaction model related to how to greet someone. Furthermore, this old model of social interaction that can accommodate a nation's culture or customs has proven to be problematic. While the emergence of this worldview has challenged traditional models of social interaction (handshakes) based on culture and politeness, attempts to create alternatives that legitimize the new model across culturally diverse social groups have been ineffective, resulting in a plethora of potential cultural violations as reflected in the variety of greeting behavior (Greenbaum and Rosenfeld, 1980).

Second, using polite language to greet someone can be more effective than a handshake. There are several widely accepted ways to greet someone without a handshake. According to Galucci (2020), in order to avoid physical contact when greeting others:

"Next time you go in to shake an acquaintance's hand, kiss a pal on the cheek, or greet someone with a friendly hug, don't! And remember, pandemic or no pandemic, some people simply don't like to be touched, so feel free to say no to a handshake or physical greeting at any point time."

Long before COVID-19, Sklansky, Nadkarni, and Ramirez (2014) tried to suggest that touching hands be overlooked for medical reasons:

"In an attempt to avoid contracting or spreading infection, many individuals have made their own efforts to avoid shaking hands in various settings but, in doing so, may face social, political, and even financial risks."

According to these points of view, the culture of not touching the body is a health calculation based on disease transmission through physical contact that can be maintained through

collective action. However, problems remain, and the handshake may not seem as or may not have been genuine. As a result, the calculation of keeping the handshake is untenable and must be abandoned in order to prevent disease spread, which certainly benefits those who abandon the handshake. Using another greeting choice method (Galucci, 2020; Gallo, 2020) is more appropriate than a handshake / body touch because it prevents the spread of viruses that are commonly found in the touch of human hands (Galucci, 2020; Gallo, 2020; World Health Organization, 2020). Greeting choice has largely replaced the handshake in almost all countries. If these countries are unable to maintain the greeting choice model that was implemented during COVID-19, the model may be phased out or discontinued entirely. During COVID-19, most countries abandoned the handshake model based on the number of lives lost as humans grappled with the consequences. A large number of countries that consider handshakes to be a polite culture have adopted the greeting choice without a handshake, which is the primary source of CORONA-19 virus spread, in addition to respiratory transmission (World Health Organization, 2020).

The third reason is that the handshake as a ritual must be turned into a new greeting ritual (Hall and Hall, 1983; Bostaz, 2020). These phenomena reinforce the greeting model replacing the handshake through community and government involvement; for example, in relation to the number of lives lost due to COVID-19, the declining economy, human rights restrictions, lockdowns, mandatory vaccinations, and COVID tests that cost more money. The emphasis on the handshake as a ritual is merely a narrative game in terms of framing the meaning of the handshake as sincerity, and how the narrative is raised must ultimately be reconstructed with a new model, especially if the new greeting model is not yet known by the larger community. Mayer (2014) also highlighted eight handshake characteristics: grip completeness, temperature, dryness, strength, duration, strength, texture, and eye contact. Furthermore, a handshake can reveal a person's personality (Caplin, et al., 2000). When this characteristic is violated, there is no difference in the levels of "empathy", "awkwardness", or "anxiety" (this phrase refers to offenders violating the handshake characteristic; Nagy et al., 2020; also Smith, 2020) that participants with the condition may experience. Smith suggests the following:

It becomes clear that even the best approach, be it "take your cue from the other" or any other approach to greeting is sometimes not enough. Such factors should not include handshakes, verbal greetings, or other forms of greeting, but rather they should remind us that there neither is nor can be a one-size-fits-all approach to greeting, it too has its limit. (2020:39).

What makes the actors stand out is the manner in which they shake hands to greet others. However, it is highly unlikely that the handshake will be performed in accordance with its characteristics. Dolcos et al. (2012) refer to this as 'behavioral avoidance,' but they regard it as a formal greeting. Of course, its benefits and drawbacks, particularly the numerous flaws in the handshake itself, are equally relevant to this viewpoint (Nagy et al, 2019).

As a result, it is critical to understand that the handshake is both a request for recognition that is part of the culture and social etiquette that must be maintained, as well as an attempt to shape this recognition in a way that conceals some of the weaknesses in greeting others. For example, as the author have stated, handshakes and body touching have historically been defined as part of the culture in many countries, even though handshakes are not always acceptable (Erfesoglou, 2017), with various characteristics but are rarely practiced perfectly. Because of different understandings of handshakes among countries that regard handshakes as a culture, the transition from this model to a non-touch greeting model has been a long and difficult struggle (Oxlund, 2020). At the Summit in Geneva, for example, Vladimir Putin and Joe Biden exchanged a full handshake in front of the world's cameras - a rare moment of human physical contact during the COVID-19 pandemic (The Japan Times, 2021). However, according to Frank Illuzi, a health expert, there is no need to wear a mask and handshake because there are other greeting models (Cuda, 2021). The disparity in practice between handshakes and prohibitions from health professionals during a pandemic, despite the fact that the ban on shaking hands demonstrates an ongoing struggle to keep this form of greeting alive A more pragmatic approach allows the traditional handshake model to (Miller, 2021). be preserved, but as COVID-19 relies on it, that may change, and older greeting forms may emerge, opening up a variety of greeting models other than handshakes and body touches. Rituals associated with the handshake can be preserved and incorporated into the new greeting model.

The social platform of new greeting model.

There are a few details to be aware of regarding the new greeting's social foundation. The author suggests three areas of application: first, groups or groups of people; second, organizational or institutional levels; and third, national, including norms that complement how the new greeting occurs or is expressed. Sociolinguists and anthropologists have long recognized the forms and practices of human gesture in cross-cultural encounters. The study of nonverbal cues in historical context focuses on messages delivered by the human body (Bremmer and Rodenburg, 1991), communication systems (Prieur et al, 2020), symbolic

expressions and conceptual processes (Kendon, 1983), communication processes (Kendon, 2019), as well as the basic modes of existence and activity of the human hand (Streeck, 2008), or a type of communicative development (Guidetti and Nicoladis, 2008), in which gestures and language are part of the process and evolve, causing humans to make significant changes in tradition. In this shift, where hundreds of millions of people are avoiding physical contact to prevent the spread of Covid-19, reviewing handshakes does not seem all that strange. As a necessary consequence, even in the handshake context, in which the change occurs, there is a strong attribution between gesture and greeting language.

The international community has yet to agree that the handshake is a culture of interaction or greeting in the first meeting, because practice and meaning vary depending on culture (Forsell and Anstrom, 2012; Katsumi et al, 2017; Akkilinc, 2018; Smith, 2020). After all, culture is not a static entity; it can change, evolve, and even transform (Varnum and Grossmann, 2017). Serious consideration should be given to changes in handshakes and body touches in greetings, as these are methods of transmitting the virus and COVID-19 through hands. Then, cultural change theory (Dupuis et al, 2016) is used to develop a strong focus on how the change process can be implemented to bring about changes in handshakes and body touches with other models, such as "authentic partnership approach, participatory action research, and Appreciative Inquiry" (e.g. waving, greeting, or other ways of refraining from handshakes and body touches). The promotion of the current concept of handshake and body touch as a culture can be carried out during the process of change and the introduction of new models through social norms campaigns among groups that promote accurate and healthy norms about health behavior (e.g. in studies such as LaMorte, 2019). The research, on the other hand, focuses on how, aside from handshake as a common practice in society and handshake or body touch as a medium of virus transmission, other researchers maintain their old view of handshake is difficult to change because no other gesture or greeting can duplicate the benefits of a firm handshake (Fred, 2015). The medical rationale that human hands are a major source of the spread of COVID-19 (World Health Organization, 2020), failure to maintain hand hygiene is the main cause of the spread of organisms and infectious diseases, supports a more complex view of abandoning handshakes or body touches in meetings.

The organizational or institutional level is the second level that we identified for being able to accept changes in the handshake and body touch (by promoting a new greeting model in relation to maintaining and growing awareness of members to implement it as a habit in the organizational environment). In practice, these organizations or institutions are part of the 'process of cultural change' because it is relatively easy for their members to recognize

similarities in other organizations or institutions and to recognize that the manner in which people are greeted has changed. These categories are means' from one organization to another and then bind again at the level of another organization, changing traditions in lower organizations further. Organizational cultural changes will also embed certain gender and age relations structures. The organization's community is known to be strong because the culture within the organization is more uniform, particularly the culture promoted by the organization (Alvesson and Sveningsson, 2008). However, because different systems, including ideological and religious differences, will influence the process of socializing change, the ability to promote greeting change to a national level and create centralized uniformity is likely to vary from country to country (see also the influence of ideology on cultural change: Facchini and Melky, 2011; Facchini, 2016).

In terms of cultural change, my research so far suggests that handshake and body touching conditions are implemented more quickly at the organizational or institutional level because they have an organizational culture to which members must adhere. Changes at the organizational level are structured in three ways once they are implemented and embedded in a society. First, the organization becomes the agent of long-term change by leveraging the community's inherent handshake and body touch (by applying it to small organizations). The practice of change then becomes a social phenomenon that is integrated with social norms that influence social behavior (Morris et al., 2015). Second, the organization is structured in such a way that it can assist in promoting this change to new groups. Because of the clear organizational form, the author believes that this change can be sustained despite resistance efforts. Maintaining a change in the handshake or body touch model can occur because the organization persists with the change — in particular if the organization or institution has assigned it to all its members. Third, the organizational structure is considered for being strong enough to support this change, even though there are parties who rejects this.

The third level of this change process occurs at the national level, where state can ensure that changes in the handshake and body touch culture are politically backed (for example, through establishing regulations that require people to comply with or abandon the handshake and body touch habits and communicating these changes). The state can also implement changes such as annually commemorating the national day of change from the cultural change of handshake and body touch, which remembers the past by raising people's emotions toward change. As a result, state action can take the place of the community-accepted handshake or body touch. The question then becomes whether these three levels of change implementation are sufficient to sustain the handshake or body touch culture change after the COVID-19

period ends. No single level of commitment is sufficient to sustain this change; there must be a shared commitment, an organization committed to implementing change not only at the national level but also across generations. There are some people who refuse to accept change, but organizations, society as a whole, and the state may be able to sustain these changes. Similarly, at the organizational or institutional level, the state can sustain this change by enacting regulations that apply to both institutions and community groups.

This connection and possibility should be investigated further. For example, in the United States of America, Ivory Coast, Morocco, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zambia, it is customary to shake hands when meeting someone for the first time, but this is prohibited between men and women in India. (Hill, n.d.), socialization movements for change at the community level, such as those opposing changes in handshakes and kisses, can be carried out with socialization from the national level. However, in the past, the rule about changing handshakes, kisses, or body touches for all members of society reflected a commitment to change without losing track of the past (see changes to be made without tactical contact in social network: Jeffrey, 2020). Previous research has clearly demonstrated that one method of spreading the COVID-19 virus is through handshakes, and calls for the practice to be abandoned (Matschke and Rieger, 2020).

Various models of greeting others were promoted both nationally and internationally during the COVID-19 pandemic, including companies (Griner, 2020; Kamacooko et al, 2021). In order to prevent the spread of COVD-19, (Mikhailova, 2020) has implemented several methods to avoid handshakes, including digital etiquette as a platform that replaces the shaking hands model. Today's social media, in particular, is a marvel, providing a plethora of ways to introduce yourself. It is capable of replacing body touch and handshake through social media. Resistance to changes in social norms can occur at the organizational or institutional level. Organizational and institutional leaders must play a role in socializing and maintaining the continuity of change. On the other hand, the upkeep and development of change-related regulations must be carried out comprehensively, requiring that all members of the community implement and maintain these changes, so that resistance to changes in the handshake demonstrates that efforts to replace this new social network model can be effective.

Misconceptions about Handshakes as an Irreplaceable Part of Culture

In this section, I expand on previous analyses to consider whether handshakes and body touching as social norms can be abandoned, and, as a result, I question future's surrogate handshakes. Because of the changes taking place across the country as a result of the COVID-

19 pandemic, which is generally spread through handshakes and human touching (kissing), and ultimately changing social norms in the world, it is difficult to maintain handshakes and body touching as a common social norm. In the practice of interaction and social networking, handshakes and body touching are prohibited. The implications of changing handshake and body touch are numerous, but the most important point to note is that changing models from handshake and body touch to other models is based on sincerity, and this process of change has been linked to leaving the past behind. Fundamental new questions are raised as a result of the proposed new changes, including whether the handshake culture can be abandoned (see: Coronavirus could kill handshakes, Katwala, 2020).

As a handshake and touch (Jeffrey, 2020) culture that has existed for thousands of years, not all handshakes performed by someone are categorized as meeting existing norms. However, the handshake as a culture is a myth. According to Schroeder et al. (2019), a poor handshake can be perceived as a failure to adhere to social norms. When one person greets another with a handshake and the person receiving the greeting does not recognize the handshake or considers the handshake unacceptable or disrespectful, a question arises. The question is, which culture of the group belongs to the handshake? Previous scholars, such as Navarro (2013) and Mitchell (2012), identified that the handshake is not a universal culture; rather, it is only done and means something to specific groups or ethnicities (Katsumi et al., 2017). Because of cultural and community differences, the handshake has a different meaning in each of these groups. Alternatives include putting your hands on your chest (Namaste), Wai Bou in Thailand, and head over heart in India (Andrew, 2020).

Can it be concluded that social norms such as handshakes and hugs can be rebuilt in response to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic and last indefinitely? And, if so, what conditions are at the root of the reconstruction of social norms? "Touch norms are shaped, regulated, and enforced through social, economic, familial, and legal mechanisms, and they organize our experiences and expectations," write Jewit et al (2020). Thus, changing social norms of handshakes and body touching necessitates the development of tools that promote them in an inclusive manner. Changing social norms, however, necessitates grassroots to national coalitions. Cislaghi et al. (2020) explain how 'change in social norms' can emerge as a result of organized diffusion and community engagement to effect change. Changes in new social norms can spread far beyond a specific institutional setting to inform ideas about the significance of social norm changes or the custom of handshakes and body touching at gatherings. This occurs because, while the organizational or state level is socializing to help people adapt to changes in social norms, there may be some groups of people with opposing

views (Cislaghi et al, 2020). The most pertinent action here is to develop inclusive forms of collective action that include all members of society through community engagement and social media campaigns.

Conclusions

According to this study, handshakes and body touches in greeting are'social norms' that are generally recognized but vary depending on the meaning and culture of each country. Following the global spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, almost all countries abandoned the social norms of handshakes and body touching (including kissing). Handshakes and body touch are being phased out as social norms because they are thought to be major factors in the spread of viruses and infectious diseases. This effort is deemed effective if it involves elements of community groups, organizations, or institutions, as well as the state, via rules that are socialized through community involvement, in order to make this effort more effective. In this study, I show how these social norms have become cultural, but they can be lost forever. As a result, the author believes that the concept of the handshake and body touch as a source of disease should be abandoned right away. In particular, the author describes how, for example, the handshake becomes weak if it is not in accordance with its characteristics, which, according to the author, is contrary to the meaning of the handshake itself, so the concept of the context of the handshake in greeting must be rebuilt.

However, the social norm of the handshake is not dead. What is required is more than just an acceptance of change and an understanding of what might emerge (Oaklander, 2020). There are ongoing changes in social norms (for example, handshakes and body touching) in society that should be taken into account. Unresolved issues, as illustrated by Reynold, Subasic, and Tindall (2014), include the fact that the term "social norm" is not used consistently across the social greeting. There are several changes in this new context that make the greeting model possible or may allow that change to occur. Similarly, this analysis suggests that new ways of greeting and interacting with others may emerge to replace the traditional greeting model of body touch (handshake and kissing). However, the authors argue that new social norms may emerge in order for social relations to be formed. In this case, the author also stated that the core of understanding about changes in handshakes and body touching will continue to be an issue, and whether or not there has been a change in social norms. As stated by the author, the change in the norm of handshake and body touch in greeting is a concept that needs to be widely debated before it can be implemented. In this case, any reconstruction of the idea of change in greeting people, particularly handshakes and body touches, must address

ideological, religious, cultural, and gender issues. Organizations, institutions, and even countries may face challenges in changing social norms of greeting, but there are signs that these changes are difficult but ongoing. Furthermore, empirical and analytical research are required to identify new forms of greeting, comprehend these changes, and then move this plan forward.

References

- Adongo, P. B., Tabong, P. T., Asampong, E., Ansong, J., Robalo, M., & Adanu, R. M. (2016). Preparing towards Preventing and Containing an Ebola Virus Disease Outbreak: What Socio-cultural Practices May Affect Containment Efforts in Ghana? *PLoS neglected tropical diseases*, 10(7), e0004852. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pntd.0004852
- AGweek, (2019). The value of a handshake (or lack thereof). https://www.agweek.com/opinion/columns/4601046-value-handshake-or-lack-thereof
- Al-Shamahi, E. (2021). The handshake: A Gripping History, Profile Books. https://books.google.co.id/books?id=KNL2DwAAQBAJ
- Alvesson, M. and Sveningsson, S. (2008). Changing Organizational Culture, London and New York: Routledge.
- Andrew, S. (2020). Stop Shaking Hands. Do This Instead. CNN, April 17. https://edition.cnn.com/travel/article/handshake-alternatives-gestures-around-world-trnd/index.html
- Banerjee, D., & Rai, M. (2020). Social isolation in Covid-19: The impact of loneliness. International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 66(6), 525–527. https://doi.org/10.1177/0020764020922269
- Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology. (2012, October 19). Science reveals the power of a handshake. *ScienceDaily*. Retrieved August 24, 2021 from www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2012/10/121019141300.htm
- Bernieri, F. J. & Petty, K.N. (2011). The influence of handshakes on first impression accuracy, Social Influence, 6(2), 78-87, DOI: 10.1080/15534510.2011.566706
- Bostaz, S. (2020). A touchy subject: why we can't shake the handshake, Dutch News June 29.

 URL: https://www.dutchnews.nl/features/2020/06/a-touchy-subject-why-we-cant-shake-the-handshake/
- Bremmer, J. N., and Roodenburg, H. (1991). *A Cultural History of Gesture*. s.n.. URL: https://research.rug.nl/en/publications/a-cultural-history-of-gesture

- Bruns, D. P., Kraguljac, N. V., & Bruns, T. R. (2020). COVID-19: Facts, Cultural Considerations, and Risk of Stigmatization. Journal of Transcultural Nursing, 31(4), 326–332. https://doi.org/10.1177/1043659620917724
- Calbi, M., Langiulli, N., Ferroni, F. *et al.* (2021). The consequences of COVID-19 on social interactions: an online study on face covering. *Sci Rep* 11, 2601. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-021-81780-w
- Carla, (2019). How Do People Around the World Greet Each other? https://www.opodo.co.uk/blog/greetings-around-the-world/
- Carvalho Aguiar Melo, M., & de Sousa Soares, D. (2020). Impact of social distancing on mental health during the COVID-19 pandemic: An urgent discussion. International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 66(6), 625–626. https://doi.org/10.1177/0020764020927047
- Chaplin, W.F., Phillips, J. B, Brown, J.D., Nancy R. Cianton, N.R., & Stein, J.L. (2000). Handshaking, Gender, Personality, and First Impressions, Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 79(1), 110-117. https://www.apa.org/pubs/journals/releases/psp791110.pdf
- Ciolli, C. (2020). Beyond the Handshake: How People Greet Each Other Around the World, AFAR, April 9. https://www.afar.com/magazine/beyond-the-handshake-how-people-greet-each-other-around-the-world
- Council of Europe, (2020). Culture in times of Covid-19 or how we discovered we cannot live without culture and creativity. Impressions and lessons learnt from Covid-19. https://rm.coe.int/culture-in-times-of-covid-19-or-how-we-discovered-we-cannot-live-witho/1680a18dc0
- Cuda, A. (2021). As COVID restrictions ease, are handshakes safe? Not yet, experts say. Ctpost, May 20. URL: https://www.ctpost.com/news/coronavirus/article/As-COVID-restrictions-ease-are-handshakes-safe-16190498.php
- Daum, K. (2018). This Body Language Will Ruin Your International Business Meeting. Inc.

 June 29. https://www.inc.com/kevin-daum/this-body-language-will-ruin-your-international-business-meeting.html
- Dolcos, S., Sung, K., Argo, J. J., Flor-Henry, S., Dolcos, F. (2012) The power of a handshake: Neural correlates of evaluative judgments in observed social interactions. Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience 24: 2292–2305.

- Dupuis, S., McAiney, C. A., Fortune, D., Ploeg, J., & Witt, L. de. (2016). Theoretical foundations guiding culture change: The work of the Partnerships in Dementia Care Alliance. Dementia, 15(1), 85–105. https://doi.org/10.1177/1471301213518935
- Erfesoglou, L. (2017). Greetings Matter: Handshakes are not always acceptable. Cultural Awareness International, September 8. https://culturalawareness.com/greetings-matter/
- Facchini, F. (2016). Political ideological shift: A theoretical approach. Social Science Information, 55(4), 589–602. https://doi.org/10.1177/0539018416658149
- Facchini, F., & Melki, M. (2011). Ideology and Cultural Change: A Theoretical Approach.

 https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/IDEOLOGY-AND-CULTURAL-CHANGE%3A-A-THEORETICAL-Facchini-Melki/d2737827b01deb28af5fe45a90d9ae7acf7ed7ac
- Feuillatre, C. (2020). Handshake: No Thanks: Coronavirus changes global habits. The Jakarta Post, March 3. https://www.thejakartapost.com/life/2020/03/03/handshake-no-thanks-coronavirus-changes-global-habits.html
- Forsell, L. M., & Åström, J. A. (2012). Meanings of Hugging: From Greeting Behavior to Touching Implications. Comprehensive Psychology. https://doi.org/10.2466/02.17.21.CP.1.13
- Gallo, A. (2020). How to Avoid Shaking Hands. Harvard Business Review, March 12. URL: https://hbr.org/2020/03/how-to-avoid-shaking-hands
- Garber, M. (2020). Good Riddance to the Handshake, The Atlantic, May 11. URL: https://www.theatlantic.com/culture/archive/2020/05/good-riddance-handshake/611404/
- Gelfand, M. (2019). Rule Makers, rule breakers: Tight and loose cultures and the secret signals that direct our live. New York, NY: Scribner.
- Golaya, S. (2021). Touch-Hunger: An Unexplored Consequence of the COVID-19 Pandemic.

 Indian Journal of Psychological Medicine, 43(4), 362–363.

 https://doi.org/10.1177/02537176211014469
- Greenbaum, P.E., and Rosenfeld, H.M. (1980). Varieties of touching in greetings: Sequential structure and sex-related differences. *J Nonverbal Behav* 5, 13–25. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF00987051
- Griner, D. (2020). A Massive Ecommerce Site Changed Its Handshake Logo to Promote Social Distancing, Adweek, March 18. URL: https://www.adweek.com/creativity/amassive-ecommerce-site-changed-its-handshake-logo-to-promote-social-distancing/

- Guidetti, M., & Nicoladis, E. (2008). Introduction to Special Issue: Gestures and communicative development. First Language, 28(2), 107–115. https://doi.org/10.1177/0142723708088914
- Gunia, A. (2020). I Don't Think We Should Ever Shake Hands Again.' Dr. Fauci Says Coronavirus Should Change Some Behaviors for Good, Time, April 9. https://time.com/5818134/anthony-fauci-never-shake-hands-coronavirus/
- Hall, P., and Hall, D. S. (1983). The handshake as interaction. Semiotica Journal of the International Association for Semiotic Studies / Revue de l'Association Internationale de Sémiotique, 45(3-4), 249-264.
- Hamilton, S. N. (2019). Hands in Cont(r)act: The Resiliency of Business Handshakes in Pandemic Culture. *Canadian Journal of Law and Society / Revue Canadienne Droit Et Société*, 34(2), 343–360. http://doi.org/10.1017/cls.2019.26
- Hill, M. (n.d). Global Etiquette- Handshakes and Greetings Worldwide, Luxe Beat Magazine.

 URL: https://luxebeatmag.com/global-etiquette-handshakes-greetings-worldwide/
- Hollingsworth, H. (2021). To shake-hands or not? An age-old human gesture now in limbo, AP News, August 8. https://apnews.com/article/coronavirus-pandemic-handshake-2af72babe298ccb795831dbfa13a9000
- Hunter, M., & Struve, J. (1998). Power dynamics that effect the use of touch in therapy. In *The ethical use of touch in psychotherapy* (pp. 75-95). SAGE Publications, Inc., https://www.doi.org/10.4135/9781483328102.n5
- Jaffrey, J. (2020). Coronavirus: Will we ever shake hands again? BBC, May 6. https://www.bbc.com/news/world-us-canada-52506079
- Jewitt C., Price S., Leder Mackley K., Yiannoutsou N., Atkinson D. (2020) Social Norms of Touch. In: Interdisciplinary Insights for Digital Touch Communication. Human–Computer Interaction Series. Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-24564-1_4
- Kamacooko, O., Kitonsa, J., Bahemuka, U. M., Kibengo, F. M., Wajja, A., Basajja, V., Lumala, A., et al. (2021). Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practices Regarding COVID-19 among Healthcare Workers in Uganda: A Cross-Sectional Survey. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 18(13), 7004. MDPI AG. Retrieved from http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/ijerph18137004
- Katsumi, Y., Kim, S., Sung, K., Dolcos, F., and Dolcos, S. (2017). When Nonverbal Greetings "Make It or Break It": The Role of Ethnicity and Gender in the Effect of

- Handshake on Social Appraisals. *J Nonverbal Behav* 41, 345–365. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10919-017-0257-0
- Kendon A. (1983) The Study of Gesture: Some Remarks on its History. In: Deely J.N., Lenhart M.D. (eds) Semiotics 1981. Springer, Boston, MA. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-1-4615-9328-7_15
- Kendon, A. (2019). Anthropology of Gesture, Gesture, 18, 2-3; 142-172. https://doi.org/10.1075/gest.00041.ken
- Kovacs, B., Caplan, N., Grob, S., & King, M. (2021). Social Networks and Loneliness During the COVID-19 Pandemic. Socius. https://doi.org/10.1177/2378023120985254
- LaMorte, W. W. (2019). Behavioral Change Model, Social Norms Theory. Boston University School of Public Health. URL: https://sphweb.bumc.bu.edu/otlt/mph-modules/sb/behavioralchangetheories/BehavioralChangeTheories7.html
- Matschke, X, Rieger, M. O. (2020). Kisses, Handshakes, COVID-19 Will the Pandemic Change Us Forever? <u>Review of Behavioral Economics</u>, 8(1), 25-46. http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/105.00000132
- Mayer, J., D. (2014). What You Can Learn from a Handshake. Psychology Today, June 3.

 URL: https://www.psychologytoday.com/ca/blog/the-personality-analyst/201406/what-you-can-learn-handshake
- Merriam-Webster. (n.d.). Handshake. In *Merriam-Webster.com dictionary*. Retrieved September 1, 2021, from https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/handshake
- Mertensa, G., Gerritsen, L., Duijndama, S., Salemink, E., & Engelhard, I. M. (2020). Fear of the coronavirus (COVID-19): Predictors in an online study conducted March 2020, Journal of Anxiety Disorder, 74, 1-8. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.janxdis.2020.102258
- Mikhailova, G. (2020). Responding to Handshakes in Coronavirus Times. Roscongress, March 24. URL: https://roscongress.org/en/blog/kak-reagirovat-na-rukopozhatiya-vo-vremya-koronavirusa-/
- Miller, K. (2021). When Can I Shake Hands and Resume Greetings After Being Fully Vaccinated? Verywellhealt, March 26. URL: https://www.verywellhealth.com/shaking-hands-greetings-covid-vaccine-5118469
- Mondada, L., Bänninger, J., Bouaouina, S. A., Camus, L., Gauthier, G., Hänggi, P., Koda, M., Svensson, H., & Tekin, B. S. (2020). Human sociality in the times of the Covid-19 pandemic: A systematic examination of change in greetings. *Journal of Sociolinguistics*, 10.1111/josl.12433. https://doi.org/10.1111/josl.12433

- Morris, M., W, Hong, Y, Chiu, C and Liu, Z. (2015). Normology: Integrating insights about social norms to understand cultural dynamics, Organizational Behavior and Human Decision Processes,129, 1-13. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.obhdp.2015.03.001
- Nagy, E., Farkas, T., Guy, F., & Stafylarakis, A. (2020). Effects of Handshake Duration on Other Nonverbal Behavior. Perceptual and Motor Skills, 127(1), 52–74. https://doi.org/10.1177/0031512519876743
- Naser, A. Y., Al-Hadithi, H. T., Dahmash, E. Z., Alwafi, H., Alwan, S. S., & Abdullah, Z. A. (2020). The effect of the 2019 coronavirus disease outbreak on social relationships: A cross-sectional study in Jordan. International Journal of Social Psychiatry. https://doi.org/10.1177/0020764020966631
- Navarro, J. (2013). The Art of Handshaking. Psychology Today. July 13. URL: https://www.psychologytoday.com/us/blog/spycatcher/201307/the-art-handshaking
- Oaklander, M. (2020). The Coronavirus Killed the Handshake and the Hug. What Will Replace Them? Time, May 27. URL: https://time.com/5842469/coronavirus-handshake-social-touch/
- OECD, (2020a). COVID-19: Protecting people and societies. https://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/policy-responses/covid-19-protecting-people-and-societies-e5c9de1a/
- OECD. (2020b). The territorial impact of COVID-19: Managing the crisis across levels of government. https://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/policy-responses/the-territorial-impact-of-covid-19-managing-the-crisis-across-levels-of-government-d3e314e1/
- Oxlund, B. (2020). An Anthropology of the Handshake, Anthropology Now, 12:1, 39-44, DOI: 10.1080/19428200.2020.1761216
- Paula, (2020). How to greet in 10 Asian Countries. Grasshopper Adventure, July 6. https://www.grasshopperadventures.com/article/how-to-greet-in-10-asian-countries/
- Pawar, M. (2020). The Global Impact of and Responses to the COVID-19 Pandemic. The International Journal of Community and Social Development, 2(2), 111–120. https://doi.org/10.1177/2516602620938542
- Prieur. J., Barbu, S., Heulin, C.B., and Lemasson, A. (2020). The origins of gestures and language: history, current advances and proposed theories, Biol. Rev., 95;531–554.531. doi: 10.1111/brv.12576
- Resat, F. A. (2019). The Body Language of Culture. *International Journal for Innovation Education and Research*, 7(8), 32–39. https://doi.org/10.31686/ijier.vol7.iss8.1639

- Reynolds, K., J, Subašić, E. and Karen Tindall, K. (2014). The Problem of Behaviour Change: From Social Norms to an Ingroup Focus, Social and Personality Psychology Compass: 1–12. https://time.com/5842469/coronavirus-handshake-social-touch/
- Schroeder, J., Risen, J. L., Gino, F., & Norton, M. I. (2019). Handshaking promotes deal-making by signaling cooperative intent. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 116(5), 743–768. https://doi.org/10.1037/pspi0000157
- Sklansky, M., Nadkarni N., and Ramirez, A. L. (2014). Banning the Handshake from the Health Care Setting. *JAMA*. 311(24):2477–2478. doi:10.1001/jama.2014.4675
- Smith, A. P. B. (2020). Russell and the Handshake: Greeting in Spiritual Care. Journal of Pastoral Care & Counseling, 74(1), 33–41. https://doi.org/10.1177/1542305019898476
- Soga, M., <u>Evans</u>, M. J., <u>Cox</u>, D.T.C., Gaston, K. J. (2021). Impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on human–nature interactions: Pathways, evidence and implications, People and Nature. British Ecological Society. https://doi.org/10.1002/pan3.10201
- Stenzel, C. L., and Rupert, P. A. (2004). Psychologists' use of touch in individual psychotherapy. Psychotherapy: Theory, Research, Practice, Training 41: 332–345.
- Streeck, J. (2008). Depicting by Gesture. Gesture, 8(3), 285 301. https://doi.org/10.1075/gest.8.3.02str
- Strochlic, N. (2020). Why do we touch strangers so much? A history of the handshake offers clues, National Geographic, March 16. https://www.nationalgeographic.co.uk/history-and-civilisation/2020/03/why-do-we-touch-strangers-so-much-history-of-handshake-offers
- Tampubolon, M., Silalahi, F, & Siagian, R. (2021). COVID-19 and Mental Health Policy in Indonesia, ASEAN Journal of Psychiatry, 22(1), 1-12. https://www.aseanjournalofpsychiatry.org/articles/covid19-and-mental-health-policy-in-indonesia.pdf
- The Japan Times. (2021). The Handshake After COVID-19: Good Riddance or welcome back.

 June19.

 URL: https://www.japantimes.co.jp/news/2021/06/19/world/coronavirus-handshakes/
- Torales, J., O'Higgins, M., Castaldelli-Maia, J. M., & Ventriglio, A. (2020). The outbreak of COVID-19 coronavirus and its impact on global mental health. International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 66(4), 317–320. https://doi.org/10.1177/0020764020915212
- Varnum, M. E. W., & Grossmann, I. (2017). Cultural Change: The How and the Why.

 Perspectives on Psychological Science, 12(6), 956–972.

 https://doi.org/10.1177/1745691617699971

- William, S.N. & Dienes, K. (2021). **Handshakes and hugs are good for you it's vital they make a comeback after the pandemic. The Conversation, April 7.**https://theconversation.com/handshakes-and-hugs-are-good-for-you-its-vital-they-make-a-comeback-after-the-pandemic-158174
- World Health Organization, (2020). Coronavirus disease (COVID-19): How is it transmitted? https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/question-and-answers-hub/q-a-detail/coronavirus-disease-covid-19-how-is-it-transmitted
- World Health Organization. (2020). Pass the message: Five steps to kicking out coronavirus.

 URL: https://www.who.int/news/item/23-03-2020-pass-the-message-five-steps-to-kicking-out-coronavirus
- World Health Organization. (2020). Report of the WHO-China Joint Mission on Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/who-china-joint-mission-on-covid-19-final-report.pdf
- Yoosefi Lebni, J., Abbas, J., Moradi, F., Salahshoor, M. R., Chaboksavar, F., Irandoost, S. F., Nezhaddadgar, N., & Ziapour, A. (2021). How the COVID-19 pandemic effected economic, social, political, and cultural factors: A lesson from Iran. International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 67(3), 298–300. https://doi.org/10.1177/0020764020939984
- Younis, O, & Baldwin, C, (2020). COVID-19 could kill off handshakes forever, Reuters, 4 May. https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/05/social-distancing-handshakes-covid19-health