

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Suweta N, Swastika IK, Sudarmaja IM. Prevalensi Pediculosis dan Faktor Risiko Infestasinya pada Anak di SD No. 6 Darmasaba, Kecamatan Abiansemal, Kabupaten Bandung. *Jurnal Medika Udayana*. 2021 Jun;10(6):54–60.
2. Hardiyanti N, Kurniawan B, Mutiara H, Suwandi J. Penatalaksanaan Pediculosis Capitis. *Jurnal Kedokteran Unila*. 2015;4(9):47–52.
3. Cahyarini I, Swastika IK, Sudarmaja I Made. Prevalensi dan Gambaran Faktor Risiko Pediculosis Capitis pada Anak Sekolah Dasar Negeri 11 Dauh Puri Provinsi Bali. *Jurnal Medika Udayana*. 2021 Oct;10(10):21–7.
4. Rumampuk M. Peranan Kebersihan Kulit Kepala dan Rambut dalam Penanggulangan Epidemiologi Pediculus Humanus Capitis. *Jurnal NERS*. 2017 Jan;9(1):35–42.
5. Feldmeier H. Pediculosis capitis: New Insights into Epidemiology, Diagnosis and Treatment. *European Journal of Clinical Microbiology & Infectious Diseases*. 2012 Sep 1;31(9):2105–10.
6. Massie MA, Wahongan G, Pijoh V. Prevalensi Infestasi Pediculosis humanus capitis pada Anak Sekolah Dasar di Kecamatan Langowan Timur. *Jurnal Biomedik*. 2020;12(1):24–30.
7. Hapsari RR. Pediculosis capitis dalam Kehidupan Santriwati di Pondok Pesantren PPAI An-Nahdliyah Kabupaten Malang. *Media Gizi Kesmas*. 2021;10(1):24–31.
8. Madke B, Khopkar U. Pediculosis capitis: An update. *Indian J Dermatol Venereol Leprol*. 2012;78(4):429–38.
9. Clark JM. New Chemistries for the Control of Human Head Lice, *Pediculus humanus capitis*: A mini-review. *Pestic Biochem Physiol*. 2022 Feb;181:105013–20.
10. Ko CJ, Elston DM. Pediculosis. *J Am Acad Dermatol*. 2004 Jan;50(1):1–12.

11. Leung AKC, Lam JM, Leong KF, Barankin B, Hon KL. Paediatrics: how to manage pediculosis capitis. *Drugs Context*. 2022;11:1–15.
12. Nunung Sulistyani, Nur Khikmah. Hubungan Pediculosis capitis, Status Anemia dan Prestasi Belajar pada Siswa Sekolah Dasar. *Jurnal Penelitian Saintek*. 2019;24(2):65–74.
13. Bohari Z, Zubaidah M, Rahma K. The Correlation between Knowledge and Personal Hygiene Behavior with the Incidence of Pediculosis Capitis among Female Students in Hidayatullah Islamic Boarding School Samarinda. *Jurnal Kesehatan Masyarakat Mulawarman*. 2023 Dec;5(2):102–7.
14. Hermawan RA, Shofi M, Moi V. Correlation of Risk Factors with Infestations *Pediculus humanus capitis* in Elementary School of Bandar Lor 1 Kediri City. *Bio Sains: Jurnal Ilmiah Biologi*. 2023 Mar;2(2):48–54.
15. Syarbaini S, Yulfi H. Hubungan Faktor Risiko Dengan Proporsi Infeksi *Pediculosis Humanus Capitis* Pada Siswa-Siswi Sekolah Dasar Muhammadiyah 1 di Kota Medan. *Jurnal Ilmiah Kohesi*. 2021 Apr;5(2):52–8.
16. Adham D, Moradi-Asl E, Abazari M, Saghafipour A, Alizadeh P. Forecasting Head Lice (*Pediculidae: Pediculus humanus capitis*) Infestation Incidence Hotspots Based on Spatial Correlation Analysis in Northwest Iran. *Vet World*. 2020 Jan 6;13(1):40–6.
17. Bragg BN, Wills C. *Pediculosis*. 2024.
18. Shakya M, Jayraw AK, Singh M. Pubic Lice Infestation in Man from Mhow, Madhya Pradesh. *Journal of Parasitic Diseases*. 2018 Sep 8;42(3):402–4.
19. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Head Lice - Epidemiology and Risk Factors. USA: CDC; 2019.
20. Kasai S, Ishii N, Natsuaki M, Fukutomi H, Komagata O, Kobayashi M, et al. Prevalence of kdr-Like Mutations Associated with Pyrethroid Resistance in Human Head Louse Populations in Japan. *J Med Entomol*. 2009 Jan 1;46(1):77–82.

21. Setiyani E, Mulyowati T, Binugraheni R. Hubungan Personal Higiene dengan Kejadian Pediculosis capitis pada Santriwati di Pondok Pesantren Rohmatul Qur'an Mejobo Kudus. *Jurnal Labora Medika*. 2021;5:35–8.
22. Lukman N, Armiyanti Y, Agustina D. Hubungan Faktor-Faktor Risiko Pediculosis capitis terhadap Kejadiannya pada Santri di Pondok Pesantren Miftahul Ulum Kabupaten Jember. *Journal of Agromedicine and Medical Sciences*. 2018;4(2):102–9.
23. Ary BW, Natalia D, Fitriangga A. Gambaran dan Hubungan Karakteristik Individu dan Frekuensi Cuci Rambut dengan Kejadian Pediculosis capitis. *Jurnal Cerebellum* . 2019 May;5(2):1296–306.
24. Mitriani S, Rizona F, Ridwan M. Hubungan Pengetahuan dan Sikap Tentang Pediculosis capitis dengan Perilaku Pencegahan Pediculosis capitis pada Santri Asrama Pondok Pesantren Darussalam Muara Bungo. *Jurnal Keperawatan Sriwijaya*. 2017 Jul;4(2):26–36.
25. Nurudeen ASN, Toyin A. Knowledge of Personal Hygiene among Undergraduates. *J Health Educ*. 2020 Sep 30;5(2):66–71.
26. Riswanda J, Anwar C, Zulkarnain M, Sitorus RJ. Analysis of Socio-Economic Status, Morphology, and Dominant Factors of Personal Hygiene Behavior on the Incidence of Pediculosis Capitis at Orphanages in Palembang City, Indonesia. *Budapest International Research and Critics Institute-Journal*. 2022 May;5(2):9989–96.
27. Valero MA, Haidamak J, Santos TC de O, Prüss IC, Bisson A, Santosdo Rosário C, et al. Pediculosis capitis Risk Factors in Schoolchildren: Hair Thickness and Hair Length. *Acta Trop*. 2024 Jan;249:107075–82.
28. Nadira WA, Sulistyaningsih E, Rachmawati DA. Correlation between Personal hygiene and Household Overcrowding to the Incidence of Pedikulosis kapitis in Sukogidri Village Jember. *Journal of Agromedicine and Medical Sciences* . 2020;6(3):161–7.
29. Suwandi J, Sari D. Dampak Infestasi Pedikulosis Kapitas Terhadap Anak Usia Sekolah. *Jurnal Majority*. 2017 Feb 2;6(1):24–7.

30. Maryanti E, Lestari E. Pendidikan Kesehatan Dalam Rangka Menuju Panti Asuhan Bebas Pedikulosis kapitis di Kecamatan Siak Hulu Kabupaten Kampar. *Riau Journal of Empowerment*. 2020 Aug 16;3(2):97–103.
31. Angelia, Susanto IK, Susanto DH. Studi Prevalensi Pedikulosis Kapitis di Pondok Pesantren X di Jakarta Barat. *Jurnal Kedokteran Meditek*. 2022;129–37.
32. Noersyamsidar, Suprihartini. Gambaran Infeksi Pediculus Humanus Capitis Terhadap Anak-Anak di UPTD Panti Sosial Perlindungan Anak Dharma. *BJSME: Borneo Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*. 2022 Oct 3;2(3):53–65.
33. Nurdiani CU. Faktor-Faktor Yang Mempengaruhi Pediculus Capitis Pada Anak-Anak Umur 6-12 Tahun Di Pondok Pesantren Sirojan Mustaqim Dan Penduduk Rw 03 Kelurahan Pondok Ranggon Kecamatan Cipayung Jakarta Timur. *Anakes : Jurnal Ilmiah Analis Kesehatan*. 2020 Mar 30;6(1):39–48.
34. Tappeh KH, Chavshin A, Hajipirloo HM, Khashaveh S, Hanifian H, Bozorgomid A, et al. Pediculus capitis among Primary School Children and Related Risk Factors in Urmia, the Main City of West Azarbaijan, Iran. *J Arthropod Borne Dis*. 2012;6(1):79–85.
35. Anik Indri Febriana. Hubungan Personal Hygiene Dengan Kejadian Pedikulosis Kapitis Pada Balita Dan Anak Di Lingkungan RT 007 RW 011 Kelurahan Cawang Kramat Jati Jakarta Timur[skripsi]. Jakarta Timur: Universitas Binawarman; 2022.
36. Karimah A, Hidayah RMN, Dahlan A. Prevalence and Predisposing Factors of Pediculus Capitis on Elementary School Students at Jatinangor. *Althea Medical Journal*. 2016 Jun;3(2):254–8.